international groundwater resources assessment

Inventory of existing guidelines and protocols for groundwater assessment and monitoring

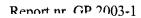
by:

G. Jousma

F. J. Roelofsen

Utrecht August 2003





Inventory of existing guidelines and protocols for groundwater assessment and monitoring

by: G. Jousma F. J. Roelofsen

Utrecht August 2003

LIBRARY IRC
PO Box 93190, 2509 AD THE HAGUE
Tel.: +31 70 30 689 80
Fax: +31 70 35 899 64
BARCODE: 18541
LO: 212.0 03 IN

Table of Contents

1	General Approach of the Inventory Introduction			
	1,1	Context	1	
	1.2	Objectives and scope of the inventory	1	
	1.3	Outline of the Inventory Report	2	
	1.4	Internet version	2	
	1.5	Internet search	3	
	1.6	Consultation of international experts	4	
	1.7	Library searches	5	
	1.8	Limitations of the inventory	5	
	1.9	Definitions used in this report	6	
	1.10	Remarks concerning classification of documents	7	
2	Pro	duction and use of G&P	8	
	2.1	Introduction	8	
	2.2	Organisations for standardisation	8	
	2.3	Governmental organisations	10	
	2.4	International organisations and associations	11	
	2.5	Other producers	11	
	2.6	Remarks about implementation	11	
3	Cat	egories of Guidelines and Protocols	12	
	3.1	Introduction	12	
	3.2	Drilling and well construction	12	
	3.3	Surveys and field tests	13	
	3.4	Field measurements and sampling	14	
	3.5	Laboratory tests - Soil and water quality	15	
	3.6	Data analysis and mapping	16	
	3.7	Monitoring networks	17	
	3.8	Groundwater modelling and Miscellaneous	18	
4	Sun	nmary and Evaluation	19	
5	Cor	iclusions and Recommendations	21	
	5.1	Conclusions	21	
	5.2	Recommendations	22	

Appendices:	Lists of inventoried documents 1	
A:	Category 'Drilling and well construction'	
В:	Category 'Surveys and field tests'	
C:	Category 'Field measurements and sampling'	
D:	Category 'Soil Quality'	
E:	Category 'Water Quality'	
F:	Category 'Data analysis and mapping'	
G:	Category 'Monitoring networks'	
H:	Categories 'Groundwater Modelling and Miscellaneous'	

1 General Approach of the Inventory Introduction

1.1 Context

The inventory of guidelines and protocols in the fields of groundwater assessment and monitoring constitutes one of the initial activities of the International Groundwater Resources Assessment Centre (IGRAC).

IGRAC focuses on three fields of activities (see also http://www.igrac.nl/):

- a) Establishing a Global Groundwater Information Centre;
- b) Promoting and producing guidelines and/or protocols for improved assessment and monitoring of groundwater resources;
- c) Contributing to global projects with a significant groundwater component.

The inventory of Guidelines and Protocols (G&P), presented in this report, is part of the second field of activities.

The rationale behind this field of activities is that groundwater data and information - in a world-wide sense - are still very scarce, not always of good quality and less uniform than desirable. G&P are believed to have a positive impact on completeness, uniformity and quality of data collection and analysis programmes, which in turn, will improve the level and quality of groundwater assessment. Indirectly this will promote safe and sustainable use of groundwater resources. Information on internationally available G&P can be used in countries where national developments of G&P are absent or less advanced. It can also be used to update existing G&P.

The primary goal of the inventory is to improve access of the international groundwater community to guidelines and protocols that might be useful to them. Secondly, the inventory is meant to be a first step for identification of the needs for guidelines and protocols in fields of groundwater assessment and monitoring that are inadequately covered.

1.2 Objectives and scope of the inventory

The objectives of the inventory of guidelines and protocols are the following:

- To obtain a broad overview of existing G&P in the fields of groundwater resources assessment and monitoring, available either in the form of hard copies or as digital documents on internet;
- To gain insight into the subjects, scope, status, and availability of G&P;
- To find out how accessible these published G&P are;
- To identify fields of groundwater resources assessment and monitoring that are not or inadequately covered by G&P.

The inventory of guidelines and protocols focused on procedures, methods and techniques, relevant to groundwater resources assessment and monitoring. This encompasses fields such as geophysical surveys, drilling, well logging, well installation and development, pumping tests, sampling and analysis of groundwater data, etc. as well as more complex issues, such as groundwater assessment and monitoring.

Selection of G&P has been limited to methods and techniques of investigation, analysis and presentation, aimed at investigating the physical, chemical and biological properties of subsoil and groundwater. More general techniques, such as management and processing of data, with no particular impact on assessment of groundwater resources, have been omitted.

For practical reasons, the first search has been confined to documents in the English language. This is not a principal choice, but a purely pragmatic one. G&P written in other languages may be added in a later stage, if the need is there.

Analysis of available G&P, as presented in this report, has been mainly based on the titles of guidelines and protocols, as only from a small percentage (10-15%) complete documents were available. IGRAC intends to gradually perform a more in-depth analysis of the documents, with priority for subject-fields that are poorly covered with G&P.

1.3 Outline of the Inventory Report

Chapter 2 of the report describes the general approach followed during the inventory of Guidelines and Protocols (G&P). The role of various organisations in production, promotion, prescription and use of G&P is discussed in Chapter 3. An overview of the identified G&P, classified according to different categories, is presented in Chapter 4. Chapter 5 contains a summary and evaluation of the results of the inventory. Chapter 6 lists the conclusions and recommendations.

The appendices of the report provide the categories of inventoried documents, listed on the basis of subjects. Also the type of document has been indicated. An overview of the appendices and their subject-categories is given below:

- A: Category 'Drilling and well construction'
- B: Category 'Surveys and field tests'
- C: Category 'Field measurements and sampling'
- D: Category 'Soil Quality'
- E: Category 'Water Quality'
- F: Category 'Data analysis and mapping'
- F: Category 'Monitoring networks'
- G: Categories 'Groundwater Modelling and Miscellaneous'

The codes in the columns of the tables (A1, A2, etc.) are only used for the purpose of sorting and have no other meaning.

1.4 Internet version

The *Inventory report* has been put on the IGRAC-site of internet (http://www.igrac.nl/) after a first round of corrections. Appendices of this report provide a "dated" overview of the documents inventoried. For practical reasons the tables in the appendices have been confined to title, type of document and category (or categories) of subjects covered.

An extended version of the database of documents that includes details on authors, subjects covered, scope, reference codes, links to the documents, etc. will be put on the IGRAC-internet site. This internet version of the documents will be regularly updated.

General Approach of the Inventory

In order to find a sufficient number of G&P for the fields of groundwater assessment and monitoring, the inventory has been set up as broad as possible, although limited by the amount of time available. The approach consisted of 3 steps, viz.:

- A search of G&P on internet,
- A search of G&P by using personal (international) contacts
- A search of G&P by consulting the catalogues of selected libraries.

1.5 Internet search

The internet search for G&P has been performed both on the basis of selected topics and through organisations.

Search on the basis of selected topics

G&P or references to them can in principle be found on the internet, by searching directly for specific topics. For that purpose, the Google search engine was used, mainly because of its fastness, flexibility and fertility. It allows performing an advanced search by using word combinations.

It depends on the search instruction how many results the engine will yield. A search list with combined words in a certain order will restrict the number of results. Next table gives examples of the huge numbers of items found in a search by selected topics.

Table 1.1	Example of	search	result
I auto I . I	L'Adilible OI	Scarcii	Ivouit

	Search instruction in Google Nu	mber of hits found
1	Ground water assessment	433,000
	Groundwater assessment	351,000
	"ground water assessment"	1,330
2	Ground water monitoring	473,000
	Groundwater monitoring	375,000
	"ground water monitoring"	20,300
3	"ground water monitoring" guideline	4,600
	"ground water monitoring" assessment	312

The table shows the difficulties faced when searching by topics. The search engine comes up with too many hits. The given Uniform Resource Locators (URL) refer to text on Internet sites, titles of documents or even text within WORD or PDF documents. It is clear that the majority of these URL does not refer to proper material for the inventory. Based on the titles or the brief description of the URL, one has to decide which URL to trace and which not. Even after carefully choosing the word combinations and putting them in a fixed order, the search may result into some hundreds of items, not all of them very useful. This process also demonstrates the need for a more structured set-up of a search system on G&P by IGRAC.

Although the given URL just sporadically refer to useful material, they indirectly refer to organisations in the field of groundwater (assessment). The next step is to focus the inventory on these organisations. One of the results of this Internet inventory has been the discovery of importance of the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM).

Search through organisations

During the search through organisations, Internet sites of a number of selected organisations were visited. The selected organisations are listed below in alphabetic order (name and Hyperlink).

Environmental Protection Agency (http://www.epa.gov/) **EPA** IAH International Association of Hydrogeologists (http://www.iah.org/) ISO International Organisation for Standardization (http://www.iso.ch/iso/en) **UNECE** United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (http://www.unece.org/) United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization UNESCO (http://www.unesco.org/) United States Geological Survey (http://water.usgs.gov/) **USGS WMO** World Meteorological Organization (http://www.wmo.ch/) ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials (http://www.astm.org/)

Detailed information about the organisations can be found on their internet sites.

Most organisations provide on their homepages a site-specific search tool with various entries. The IGRAC search focused on the records presented on the Internet site itself or on separate digital libraries or catalogues made accessible via Internet by the owner organisation. The results are an indispensable supplement to the 'Google search'.

On many of these Internet sites useful titles were found. For instance, the International Organisation for Standardization (ISO) publishes large collections of standard guides for determining Soil Quality and Water Quality and continues to update and develop them. Another interesting series is found on the site of the United States Geological Survey (USGS). This organisation started publishing a series called: *Techniques of Water-Resources Investigations of the United States*, which now consists of 9 Chapters with a total of more than 50 different topics.

Internet pages of these organisations often contain a list of links to other organisations in the same field. These links have also been screened and searched when considered useful for the inventory.

1.6 Consultation of international experts

One of the main sources of information for G&P consists of experts active in the field of groundwater assessment and monitoring. IGRAC staff members consulted experts not only from their own organisation and The Netherlands, but from several other countries as well. These contacts were established either by mail or by telephone.

The results of this part of the inventory are not yet optimal. Because of time constraints, only a limited number of persons could be questioned about the development and use of guidelines in their country. From these persons only a few were able to provide new material, but many came up with new and useful references. They shall be invited to come up with comments and needs.

IGRAC is committed to play a major role in sharing groundwater information within the international field of groundwater assessment and monitoring. Therefore, IGRAC intends to actively interact with the international community of groundwater experts. This inventory of G&P may be considered a step in that direction.

1.7 Library searches

Apart from the Internet, also libraries provide access to information about Groundwater Assessment. Most libraries can be visited through Internet, though some of them require a paid subscription. Well-known international databases are:

Georef: http://georef.cos.com/

- Geography: http://www.lib.uwaterloo.ca/discipline/geog/

- Geosource: http://www.library.uu.nl/geosource/

- Web of science: http://library.caltech.edu/scisearch/default.htm

Searches in libraries can be done through their extensive databases. A useful search system for science-oriented searches is Scirus (http://www.scirus.com/), launched by Elsevier Science, international publisher of scientific information. Scirus can be used to search free sources and journal sources as well as peer-reviewed articles.

The library search by IGRAC has added just a few titles to the total list of G&P. Similarly to the Internet search by selected topics, a library search produces an extensive list of titles. However, most books or articles do not contain the information IGRAC needs, as many of them deal with detailed scientific research. Another disadvantage of library searches is the lack of direct links to the internet sites of publishing organisations that might be useful for further searches.

Based on this experience it was concluded that libraries do not provide quick access to information about G&P, but may be consulted for a book or its summary, once the title is known.

1.8 Limitations of the inventory

The inventory of G&P has been limited by a number of factors:

Time was a limiting factor. IGRAC has opted for producing within limited time an inventory report that can be used to trigger world-wide response, rather than postponing such interaction until the first draft would be more comprehensive.

IGRAC's network of contacts is still in an early phase of development. As a consequence, direct contacts with professionals have not yet produced as much information as they potentially might have done. Therefore, searches were mainly confined to internet-searches and some library consultations.

Internet and digital library searches have some limitations as well. Internet-searches are limited to material made available on the internet. It is not possible to find documents only available in the form of printed matter, unless they have a reference on the Internet sites. It also takes more time and effort to trace those documents and get a hard copy. Furthermore, complete databases of organisations and libraries are automatically excluded from being searched, if they have not been made accessible through Internet.

Because of staff and language limitations, the first inventory had to be restricted to documents in the English language. This means that documents in other languages have not been included so far. IGRAC will decide later whether and how to collect information on relevant documents in other languages.

1.9 Definitions used in this report

A great variety of terms is used to characterise the books, reports and other documents that deal with theory, procedures, methods and practices in the fields of groundwater assessment, development, monitoring and management. On top of that the organisations for standardisation (e.g ISO, ASTM) have their own preferential terminology to classify their standardised documents.

In order to enable classification of documents collected from different sources (organisations, institutions, and individuals) in a consistent manner, a set of IGRAC-definitions have been formulated. The definitions, given in the table below, are meant to be unambiguous with respect to significance. In order to make sure that they cover important groups of documents inventoried, the definitions have been formulated in a way compatible with the definitions of organisations for standardisation.

Table 2.2: IGRAC-definitions used in the report

Category	Type of document	Definitions and Explanation
Guidelines	Handbook	A book that primarily focuses on giving information about a subject. Example: Application of drilling, coring and sampling techniques to testholes and wells (USGS)
	Guide	A compendium of information or series of options, that focuses on providing methodological guidance. Example: "Analysis and Evaluation of Pumping Test Data", by Kruseman and De Ridder.
	Manual	A book that provides instructions for use of a tool or program, or for performing a specific operation. Example: "Manual on Groundwater Data Collection, Processing and Storage" (Hydrology Project, India)
Protocols	Standard Guide	A standard compendium of information or series of options, that focuses on providing methodological guidance, rather than specifying a course of action.
	Standard Test Method	A standard procedure for determining or testing the properties of a system, or the relation between them, aimed at producing a test result.
	Standard Practice	A standard definite set of instructions for performing one or more specific operations, not aimed at producing a test result

Comments with respect to the definitions:

- The IGRAC-category "Guidelines" covers a variety of documents that provide guidance to the user with respect to methods, practices or tools in the field of groundwater. Guidelines often relate to a broader field of subjects than protocols do.
- The IGRAC-category "Protocols" covers a set of standard documents on procedures, methods or tests in the
 field of groundwater, that have been subjected to a quality assurance procedure, for instance by
 organisations for standardisation.
- In groundwater practice there is no sharp difference between the terms "handbook" and "guide". Both terms are used at taste.
- ASTM documents inventoried are covered by the ASTM definitions of "Standard Guides", "Standard Test
 Methods" and "Standard Practices", which can be found on the ASTM web site. The IGRAC definitions for
 these standards, provided in the table, are slightly different but still compatible with the ASTM-definitions.

1.10 Remarks concerning classification of documents

Classifying the documents in a consistent way proved to be difficult, as may be demonstrated by the following examples:

- The type, subject and scope of many documents had to be deduced from their title, no other information being available. However, the title does not always provide enough information. Therefore, the classification may have to be reviewed after analysing the documents in more detail.
- Some documents named "guidelines" or "guides" or "manuals" consist of thick volumes, each chapter containing an introduction followed by a list of references, ranging from handbooks to international standards. Such volumes have been classified as "guides".

For the classification of the type of documents in this report, the definitions given by ISO and ASTM have been used with minor adjustments. However, as far as ISO and ASTM documents are concerned, the terminology used by these Organisations should be consulted, whenever there are questions or doubts about the significance of formulation in these documents.

Both ISO- and ASTM-documents have been assigned the status of "standard" (standard guides, methods or practices), because of comparable production and quality assurance procedures. No other documents inventoried have been given yet this status.

2 Production and use of G&P

2.1 Introduction

With respect to guidelines and protocols (G&P) in the field of groundwater, it is useful to distinguish between "production", "promotion", "prescription" and "use" of these documents.

- Production. Many documented "standard guides", "standard methods" and "standard practices" are produced by so-called organisations for standardisation, national as well as international. Before being awarded the status of standards they have to pass extensive screening procedures. Other producers of G&P are universities, research organisations (e.g. geological institutes), consultants or private persons (many handbooks).
- Promotion. A variety of international and national organisations and associations stimulate safe
 and sustainable use of the world's water resources through exchange of knowledge. They facilitate
 exchange of knowledge through congresses and publications, and pay much attention to solid and
 safe approaches in water resources assessment and monitoring. Examples of such organisations
 are UNESCO, WMO, and IAH.
- Prescription. Use of G&P may be prescribed by governments or their agencies (e.g.
 Environmental Protection Agencies), or by supra-national bodies (e.g. the European Union).
 Governmental organisations may make use of the available G&P, by prescribing them in their regulations. They may have special committees to screen the standards, such as CEN (European Union). Prescription may also form part of, for instance, contracts or certification processes.
- Use. Users (e.g. manufacturers, consultants, etc.) follow the G&P to test products, to conduct surveys or to carry out operations. The G&P may be used on a voluntary basis or on a compulsory basis, if they are prescribed or referred to in orders, commitments, terms of reference, etc.

In the following paragraphs some major producers of G&P and their procedures are briefly introduced.

2.2 Organisations for standardisation

The International Organisation for Standardization (ISO)

"ISO is the world's largest developer of standards. Although ISO's principal activity is the development of technical standards, ISO standards also have important economic and social repercussions. ISO standards make a positive difference, not just to engineers and manufacturers for whom they solve basic problems in production and distribution, but to society as a whole".

Relevant ISO-categories for IGRAC are "Soil-Quality" and "Water-Quality". There are various subfields, each with its own Standard Committee (SC) as shown in the following table for the category Soil Quality.

Table 3.1: Standard Committees and subjects in the Category Soil Quality

Standard Committee	Subject field
SC1	Soil Quality – Vocabulary
SC2	Soil Quality - Sampling methods
SC3	Soil Quality - Chemical methods and Soil characteristics
SC4	Soil Quality – Biological methods
SC5	Soil Quality - Physical methods
SC7	Soil Quality – Soil and site assessment

Similar standard-committees exist in the field of Water Quality.

Apart from the long list of available international standards in the field of soil quality, roughly 50 new ISO-standards are in the process of development for this area.

New standards have to pass five phases of a design and screening procedure, before being awarded the status of "International Standard (ISO)". These phases are New Work Item (NWI), Working group Draft (WD), Committee Draft (CD), Draft International Standard (DIS), Final Draft International Standard (FDIS) and International Standard (ISO).

American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM International)

"ASTM, established in 1898, is one of the largest voluntary standards development organisations in the world. ASTM International is a not-for-profit organisation that provides a forum for the development and publication of voluntary consensus standards for materials, products, systems, and services. More than 20,000 members representing producers, users, ultimate consumers, and representatives of government and academia develop documents that serve as a basis for manufacturing, procurement, and regulatory activities".

Concerning the subjects of groundwater assessment and monitoring, the ASTM standards cover a broad field of activities. The following sub-fields can be distinguished:

Table 3.2: Fields covered by ASTM standards

Fields covered

- Site selection
- Geophysical methods
- Drilling
- Water well installation, development, maintenance, rehabilitation, abandonment
- Well tests and aquifer tests
- Characterisation of groundwater bodies
- Measuring groundwater levels
- Sampling and analysis of groundwater quality
- Groundwater assessment and presentation
- Design of groundwater monitoring networks

ASTM standards are updated every five years. The standards have to pass a committee that can accept them for a new period or reject them.

Although ASTM is originally a national society, its standards are of international importance, as demonstrated by the fact that many of them have been included in the EPA "Guidelines for Groundwater Protection in Australia", for instance.

Other National Organisations for Standardisation

Many countries have their own national organisation for standardisation, such as the Dutch NEN and the German DIN organisations. Many of these organisations have links to ISO and take part in its activities. It is quite possible that these national organisations have come up with internationally interesting guidelines and standards. However, because of time constraints it was not considered practical to try and get an overview of the work of these organisations in this stage of the IGRAC activities. It will take more time to map these organisations and analyse their scope of activities.

Quality assurance procedures

Organisations for standardisation have well defined quality assurance procedures in place for design of the standards (standard guides, standard methods and standard practices). ISO and ASTM provide "a standard preparation manual" which describes the aspects to be covered, limitations to be specified, terminology to be used, quality demands to be met, minimum number of tests to be done, level of uncertainty to be expressed, comments from international experts and references to be included. The manual also specifies the layout of the document to be provided. The standard documents have to pass a number of phases, ranging from initiation to the level of final documents (see ISO).

2.3 Governmental organisations

Some governmental institutions, such as national geological surveys or environmental organisations, produce guidelines for groundwater resources assessment and environmental protection as well. The guidelines may consist of publications on groundwater and groundwater related subjects. In the table below the publications by the United States Geological Survey (USGS) are given as an example of a series of guideline documents.

Table 3.3: Guidelines produced by the United States Geological Survey (USGS)

Subjects of USGS guidelines

- Guidelines for collection and field analysis of GW samples for selected unstable constituents
- Application of surface geophysics to groundwater investigations
- Application of seismic-refraction techniques to hydrologic studies
- Borehole geophysics applied to groundwater investigations
- Aquifer-test design, observation, and data analysis
- Application of drilling, coring and sampling techniques to testholes and wells
- Type curves for selected problems of flow to wells in confined aquifers
- Regression modelling of groundwater flow
- Methods for determination of radioactive substances in water and fluvial sediments
- · Quality assurance practices for the chemical and biological analyses of water and fluvial sediments
- Application of borehole geophysics to water-resources investigations.
- General Field and Office Procedures for Indirect Discharge Measurements
- Some Statistical Tools in Hydrology

These documents were produced between 1975 and 2000.

Another type of guideline identified consists of a comprehensive volume of selected groundwater subjects and groundwater related subjects, as published by the EPA of Australia, New Zealand and the USA. Each subject is presented by an introduction, followed by a recommended list of references to handbooks, guides, standards and articles. The Technical Guidance Manual from the United States Environmental Agency (US-EPA) is given as an example:



Table 3.4: "Technical Guidance Manual for Hydrogeologic Investigations and Ground Water Monitoring" (only technical fields mentioned)

Chapter	Title
3	Characterisation of Site Hydrogeology
4	Slug and Pumping Tests
5	Monitoring Well Placement
6	Drilling and Subsurface Sampling
7	Monitoring Well Design and Installation
8	Monitoring Well Development
9	Monitoring Well and Borehole Abandonment
10	Ground Water Sampling and Analysis
11	Supplemental Methods
12	Groundwater quality Data Organisation and Interpretation
13	Statistics for Groundwater Quality Comparison

On a national level or a project level there may be many more. An example is the guidelines and protocols produced by the *Hydrology Project in India*, of which not yet a full overview was available.

2.4 International organisations and associations

A number of international organisations or associations, active in groundwater or related fields, are also publishing G&P. They promote the use of standard procedures through congresses and workshops. UNESCO, WMO and IAH may be taken as examples:

Table 3.5: Examples of international publications

Organisation	Publications (or series)
UNESCO	Studies and reports in Hydrology
	Example: "Guideline for conducting water resources assessment"
WMO	Guide to hydrological practices
IAH	International Contributions to Hydrogeology
	Example: "Guidebook on Mapping Groundwater Vulnerability"

2.5 Other producers

Many handbooks, guides, or manuals produced by others, such as universities, research institutes, consultants or private persons can also be considered "guidelines", as long as they assist the user in understanding his problems or select the right procedure or tool for his particular problem situation. Many of these documents are referred to in the guidelines published by governmental agencies, showing their importance for the water sector.

2.6 Remarks about implementation

The production and prescription of G&P are distinct steps. Many producers of G&P, such as organisations for standardisation (e.g. ISO and ASTM) and other non-governmental organisations or persons have no regulative power. Implementation of the standards is thus free. Only if these G&P are prescribed in the directives of authorities or in contracts between parties, their use becomes compulsory.

3 Categories of Guidelines and Protocols

3.1 Introduction

By the end of June 2003, the inventory of guidelines and protocols (G&P) yielded over 400 titles. For practical reasons this first phase of inventory had to be limited to rapidly available information, mainly from Internet, and to documents available in the English language. The searches on G&P were directed on those, expected to be of international importance, thus leaving untouched the information from many national committees. For these reasons, the results of the inventory, presented in this report, are only the beginning of the IGRAC files on G&P. However, our expectations are that the first results will provide a sound basis for future work. The exercise will also serve to categorise the information and trigger response. The information will certainly have to be updated in a continuous activity, on the basis of the response and a further analysis of data.

A limiting factor in categorising the available information is that the contents and scope of the documents inventoried had to be deduced from their titles. In the lists provided by the organisations for standardisation, such as ISO and ASTM, the titles have been carefully chosen and are often quite clear. For many other titles there is a larger risk of misinterpretation, which can only be reduced by taking a closer look at the contents in the near future.

A third aspect that needs attention is the lack of a clear distinction between the terms guides, guidebooks, handbooks and even manuals. The organisations for standardisation are using their own specifications in a consequent way (e.g. standard guides, standard method and standard practice). As far as guides, handbooks and manuals are concerned, these terms have been used in a very free fashion, which makes it difficult to categorise them in a consequent way. It may be necessary to renew this characterisation, as soon as the real scope of these books becomes clear.

In the next paragraphs the identified documents have been classified according to a number of subfields of groundwater assessment and monitoring. These distinct fields are:

- Drilling and well construction
- Surveys and field tests
- Field measurements and sampling
- Laboratory tests soil quality and water quality
- Data analysis and mapping
- Monitoring networks
- Groundwater Modelling and Miscellaneous

3.2 Drilling and well construction

All in all 36 titles have been found in this category. Some of them may belong to more than one subcategory. They are distributed in the following way:

Sub-category	Number of titles found
Well site selection	6
Drilling methods	13
Well construction and development	15
Well operation and maintenance	4
Abandoning of sites	3

A complete list has been attached as Appendix A

Comments

The guidelines and standards inventoried so far originate from the United States, except for one from India. The larger part of guidelines and standards is from ASTM, some handbooks are also available.

- The standard guides on "Site selection" deal with descriptors of "Ground Water Sites" (descriptors for identification, physical characterisation and usage) and Environmental site characterisation.
- Standard guides for "Drilling" cover most drilling methods, from cable tool and casing advanced methods to rotary drilling (direct and reverse circulation, air lift as well as fluid systems).
- Standards on "Well construction" cover production wells as well as monitoring wells and a broad range of subjects, from selection of materials for casing, screens and grouting to installation and development of both production wells and observation wells, including installation of piezometres.
- In the sector of "Well operation and maintenance" there are standard guides for maintenance and rehabilitation.
- In the sub-category of "Abandoning of sites", guidelines are found for decommissioning of various types of wells.

It can be concluded that the field of drilling and well construction has been covered extensively by guiding material.

3.3 Surveys and field tests

All in all 46 titles have been found in this category. Some of them may belong to more than one subcategory. They are distributed in the following way:

Sub-category 1	Number of titles found
Remote sensing methods	I
Geophysical surface methods	4
Borehole and well logging	7
Pumping tests	31
Geotechnical tests	6

A complete list is attached as Appendix B

Comments

Besides documents from the USA, there are documents from The Netherlands and South Africa.

- The sub-category "Remote sensing methods" covers air-borne an satellite methods. The only document found so far, is from EPA. This document, entitled "subsurface characterization and monitoring techniques" provides, amongst other, an overview of remote sensing methods for selection of the best method in a particular case.
- Four documents deal with "Surface geophysical methods". One of them exclusively deals with seismic-refraction.
- Seven titles are found on "Borehole and well logging" mainly as handbooks or guides. The exact scope of these documents is not clear from their titles and has to be further investigated.
- In the field of "Pumping tests" the majority of the documents originates from ASTM. Most of these are standard test methods. Apart from those the international guide by Kruseman and De Ridder (1990) on pumping tests deserves mentioning.

 With 31 documents the field of pumping tests has been extensively covered, mainly by "standard testing methods". No absolute the problem is the field of pumping tests has been extensively covered, mainly by "standard testing methods".
 - testing methods". No obvious gaps have been identified so far, but it may be verified whether hard-rock tests are dealt with well enough.
- Six items are found in the field of "Geotechnical tests". Their significance for hydrogeological surveys and groundwater-related compaction, has not yet been evaluated.

In conclusion the field of pumping tests has been covered extensively. A more detailed analysis will be necessary to evaluate the coverage of the other fields.

3.4 Field measurements and sampling

All in all 90 titles have been found in this category. Some of them may belong to more than one subcategory. They are distributed in the following way:

Sub-category 1	fumber of titles found
Soil and rock sampling	24
Measuring soil moisture content and fluxes	14
Measuring groundwater levels	9
Groundwater quality sensors	7
Sampling groundwater quality (incl. preservation, etc.)	47

A complete list is attached as Appendix C

Comments

A relatively large number of guides and standards was inventoried in the category of "field measurements and sampling methods". Many of them stem from the organisations for standardisation.

- The sub-category of "Soil and rock sampling" counts 24 documents, mainly Standard Guides, Standard Practices from ISO and ASTM. They include sampling, preservation and transport.
- In the sub-category of "Measuring soil moisture content and fluxes" the standards cover in situ determination of infiltration and soil moisture contents and fluxes by various techniques, such as tensiometers and nuclear techniques. One document deals with soil-gas sampling.
- In the sub-category "Measuring groundwater levels" most documents have relatively vague titles suggesting that they deal with groundwater level measurements as well. This field needs more attention in order to conclude about gaps and further needs.
- In the sub-category of "Groundwater quality sensors" a number of standard guides are found that combine different drilling methods with installation of groundwater quality sensors. All of them are from ASTM and focus on Geo-environmental Exploration.
- The sub-category of "Sampling groundwater quality" is covered by a large number (47) of standard guides and standard practices, aimed at one of the many aspects of sampling, handling, preservation, packaging, shipping, etc. The majority of these documents originate from ISO and ASTM. Others are from USGS and Hydrology Project India. They are included in the guides from the EPA's of USA and Australia.

In conclusion the fields of sampling "soil and rocks", soil moisture and (ground)water quality seem to be well covered. The field of measuring groundwater levels needs to be evaluated in more detail, and may need more attention.

3.5 Laboratory tests - Soil and water quality

Laboratory tests - Soil quality

All in all 41 titles have been found in this category. Some of them may belong to more than one subcategory. They are distributed in the following way:

Sub-entegory Number of titles found			
Criteria, terminology and codification	6		
Physical methods	6		
Chemical methods and soil characteristics	23		
Biological methods	6		
Soil & site assessment	o		

A complete list is attached as Appendix D

Laboratory tests - Water quality

All in all 113 titles have been found in this category. Some of them may belong to more than one subcategory. They are distributed in the following way:

Sub-category	Number of titles found
Terminology	9
Physical methods	4
Chemical methods	83
Bio-chemical methods	17
Micro-biological methods	0
Biological methods	14

A complete list is attached as Appendix E

Comments

Health and environmental concerns have world-wide led to extensive developments of norms for water quality as well as for standard sampling and determination methods. This has led to a large number of standards for sampling and determination of quality parameters, especially in the sector of chemical and biochemical methods. In addition an extensive programme of new developments is going on. These developments will result in new standards within a period of 5 years (see for instance the ISO programme on soil quality).

Large collections of *international standards* on laboratory tests for soil quality and water quality have been produced by the International ISO. There may be more collections of standards from national organisations (such as DIN and NEN), but the information has not yet been fully explored. It has not been possible to evaluate these fields of soil-quality and water-quality standards with respect to completeness and possible gaps. Moreover, considering the advanced state of development in this sector, it is likely that IGRAC will focus on less well developed sectors.

3.6 Data analysis and mapping

All in all 41 titles have been found in this category. Some of them may belong to more than one subcategory. They are distributed in the following way:

Sub-category N	umber of titles found
Survey, assessment and mapping	19
Analysis and presentation of groundwater level data	7
Analysis and presentation of groundwater quality data	21
Analysis and presentation of aquifer vulnerability	4
Analysis and presentation of land subsidence	2

A complete list is attached as Appendix F

Comments

This field has been subdivided into a general survey and several more specific fields for further analysis of categories of data. All together they cover a qualitative description of groundwater system. Quantitative calculations with the help of groundwater models have been excluded from this category as a separate item.

A mixed international group, including UNESCO, IAH, ASTM, EPA, USGS and Hydrology Project India has published the documents inventoried. Some handbooks have also been selected.

- The titles in the sub-category "Survey and assessment" are very diverse. The documents (mainly guides) deal with survey and assessment methods as well as groundwater systems analysis and reporting. They also include field measurements, data collection protocols, processing and storage, methods of analysis, etc. The documents will have to be studied in more detail to be able to categorise their subjects in a proper way and evaluate completeness.
- Of 7 titles that probably include "Groundwater level analysis", only one standard method from ASTM deals with this subject for sure.
- The sub-category of "Analysis and presentation of groundwater quality data" covers methods of analysis and presentation of water quality data in diagrams and maps as well as statistical techniques. The components range from major ions to trace elements and pesticides.
- Two guides were identified that deal with "Aquifer vulnerability".
- Only one guidebook deals with studying "Landsubsidence" caused by groundwater withdrawal,

The documents of this category will have to be analysed in more detail to identify possible gaps. However, a first impression of the types of documents in the subcategory of assessment (mainly guides and handbooks) is that this subcategory, in combination with sampling and monitoring, may need more attention.

3.7 Monitoring networks

All in all 23 titles have been found in this category. Some of them may belong to more than one subcategory. They are distributed in the following way:

Sub-category Nun	aber of titles found
Setting standards/criteria for monitoring	10
Design of monitoring networks – Groundwater levels	10
Design of monitoring networks – Groundwater discharge	1
Design of monitoring networks – Groundwater quality	13
Design of monitoring networks - Landsubsidence	1

A complete list is attached as Appendix G

Comments

Quite a number of the inventoried documents deal with monitoring in one way or the other.

- In the sub-category "Setting standards and criteria" the documents discuss requirements for data sampling and sampling sites, as well as effective sampling in relation to detection and quantification limits.
- In the sub-category "Design of monitoring networks Groundwater levels" 10 documents have been found. However, for some of them it is not exactly clear from their titles what they cover. A special one is the European Water Framework Directive (WFD) that specifies the needs for monitoring in relation to water management and regulations in the European Union, covering both groundwater quantity and quality. Another EU guideline specifies the needs of monitoring and assessment of transboundary groundwater. Other areas covered are design and installation of monitoring wells in aquifers (two documents from ASTM) and monitoring in Karst Terrains.
- In the sub-category "Design of monitoring networks Groundwater discharge" only one document on groundwater monitoring in Karst Terrains suggests that discharge measurements are involved. A new inventory on surface water discharge measurements and monitoring should yield more titles
- In the sub-category "Design of monitoring networks Groundwater quality" many titles suggest that both, water levels and water quality, may be dealt with. However a few works from the USGS and EPA deal exclusively with water quality monitoring. In the European WFD both groundwater quantity and quality are dealt with and the same is true for the guidelines on monitoring and assessment of transboundary groundwaters.
- In the sub-category "Design of monitoring networks Landsubsidence" no documents were found so far. Land subsidence is an important effect of dropping groundwater levels in areas with soft soils.

It seems that the fields of design and evaluation of monitoring networks are not yet very well covered by guidelines and standards. This is especially true for groundwater level monitoring. With respect to design of groundwater discharge monitoring networks no documents have been found, but a search on surface water monitoring may yield more results. Furthermore, groundwater quality monitoring is covered in a limited way. In conclusion, the various fields of monitoring may need more IGRAC attention.

3.8 Groundwater modelling and Miscellaneous

The numbers of inventoried documents of the categories of Groundwater Modelling and Miscellaneous are shown in the following table:

Sub-category	Number of titles found
Groundwater modelling	9
Miscellaneous	43

Complete lists are attached as Appendix H.

Comments

The category of "Groundwater modelling" documents consists mainly of ASTM guides. Only documents with a clear relation to groundwater data have been included in the list. The subjects covered includes definition of model boundaries and initial conditions on the basis of data, model calibration and sensitivity analysis. A more detailed analysis will have to show whether indeed the relation between modelling and groundwater data is emphasised in these documents.

The category of "Miscellaneous" contains items from the periphery of the other categories, however with a clear relation to the subjects. Many of these subjects may have been addressed in standard guides and handbooks, which may be of interest to the persons who consult the websites for information. The subjects include terminology lists, quality assurance and control procedures, criteria for assessment of testing laboratories, guidelines for reporting, statistical tools, etc. This category is needed and will have to be restructured and completed. Some documents may have to be shifted to a category of background documents.

4 Summary and Evaluation

The inventory of guidelines and protocols in the field of groundwater yielded a large number of international and national documents, ranging from recommendable handbooks to quality assured standard guides and methods. With respect to the documents, it is useful to distinguish between the roles of producers, promoters, enforcers and users. For practical reasons, the inventory has mainly been directed at the production side and has been limited to documents in the English language.

- Protocols. Large collections of "standards" (standard guides, methods and practices) in
 groundwater and related fields are produced by Organisations for standardisation, both
 international (for instance ISO) and national (for instance ASTM, DIN, etc). These documents
 have passed a number of screening phases, before they reach the level of international or national
 standard. Many of these standards deal with single processes or applications, such as
 determination of a particular parameter in a laboratory.
- Guidelines. A variety of guidelines ranging from handbooks to guides and manuals has been
 produced by governmental organisations, scientific institutes, universities and private
 organisations or persons. Most guidelines provide their information subjectwise. They may also
 cover broad processes or activities, such as surveys, assessment and monitoring. Guideline
 documents have many different forms, ranging from single documents to a series of publications
 (e.g. by the USGS) or thick volumes with introductions and extensive lists of references (e.g. some
 EPA documents).
- Promotion. A variety of international and national organisations and associations, amongst other
 activities, stimulate safe and sustainable use of the world's water resources through exchange of
 knowledge. They disseminate the knowledge through their networks or through meetings and
 workshops organised by them. Examples are UNESCO, WMO, and IAH.

Legislation and enforcement. Use of available G&P is free till the point of enforcement. Most producers of G&P (e.g. organisations for standardisation) have no legislative or enforcing power. However, use G&P may be made compulsory by national and supra-national authorities, through prescription in their directives. Prescription can also form part of a contract between parties (often provoked indirectly by regulations) or of a process of certification. It is not yet clear what the status of available G&P is in that respect. For instance, some extensive guideline volumes, produced by governmental organisations such as EPA, do not seem to lend themselves very well for prescription. The matter of the status of G&P-documents in relation to enforcement needs further attention.

• Potential Gaps. It was not yet possible to get a clear picture of the gaps in the fields covered by G&P, since, in this stage of the inventory, of most documents too little information was available. However the following indications can be given. Very few G&P were found on systematic, practical and stepwise approaches for assessing and monitoring groundwater quantities. Relatively few G&P were also found on assessment and monitoring of groundwater in hard rock areas and on determining the relation between groundwater levels and land subsidence.

The inventory is still rather incomplete. Therefore, the inventory report is also meant to provoke reactions from experts of the groundwater community, regarding incompleteness or failures in the report, or views of the experts. IGRAC intends to put this inventory report on its internet-site, together with more details of the information inventoried. After receiving response (comments or additional material) from the readers, IGRAC will make the necessary adjustments.

Some items will need further attention. For instance the relative arrears in a number of technical fields. Also the question of the status of the G&P in relation to their use (free or compulsory) needs to be further investigated.

Finally the need for expansion of G&P will have to be evaluated on the basis of this report, the response from experts, and further investigation.

5 Conclusions and Recommendations

5.1 Conclusions

- The inventory of Guidelines and Protocols (G&P), conducted in the fields of groundwater
 assessment and monitoring yielded over 420 available documents and about 50 titles in
 preparation. This is a considerable amount of documents, if taking into account the limitation of
 the inventory to searches in the English language and to internet based information.
 However, because of these limitations, the results presented here are probably still far from
 complete.
- 2. With respect to access to the information on G&P, the overall conclusion must be that the accessibility is rather poor. Searches on internet on the basis of selected topics lead to large amounts of hits, the majority of these not very useful. If one does not know the organisations involved, it is very hard to get to the right type of documents. Searches through known organisations are more successful.
- 3. A variety of "guidelines" have been found from governmental and other organisations in various parts of the world. These publications range from handbooks to guides and manuals. Some guidelines are published as a series of publications, such as those from UNESCO and the USGS. Others consist of comprehensive volumes with introductions of respective subjects, accompanied by extensive lists of references to standards, books and articles. The guidelines may also cover broad subjects, such as groundwater survey, assessment and monitoring.
- 4. Organisations for standardisation are the main producers of quality controlled "protocols" in the field of groundwater. Large collections of these international important standards are found from organisations such as ISO and ASTM. These documents have passed a number of screening phases, before they reach the level of international or national standard. Many of these standards deal with single processes or applications, such as determination of a particular parameter in a laboratory.

It was not yet possible to get a complete and clear picture of the gaps in the technical fields covered by G&P, since, in this stage of the inventory, too little information was available on most of the G&P. However, the following indications may be given. Very few G&P were found on systematic and practical approaches for assessing and monitoring groundwater situations. Relatively few G&P were found on assessment and monitoring of groundwater in hard rock aquifers and on determining the relation between groundwater levels and land subsidence.

5. The status of many P&G with respect to regulation and enforcement is not very clear. There are various forms in which the use of G&P can be made compulsory. National or supra-national authorities may prescribe the use of standards in their directives concerning groundwater legislation and regulation. The use of G&P may also be prescribed in contracts between parties or be part of a process of certification. As the status of G&P with respect to their use in regulation is supposed to be of interest to potential users, this issue requires more attention.

5.2 Recommendations

- 1. In order to improve access to available Guidelines and Protocols (G&P), it is recommended to put the available information on them on IGRAC's internet site (http://www.igrac.nl/). The information should be completed with fact sheets on these G&P.
- 2. It is recommended to investigate the need for further development of G&P in the fields where they are missing. From the inventory of G&P it appears that subjects poorly covered are systematic set-up of groundwater assessment and groundwater monitoring, as well as assessment and monitoring of hard rock aquifers and land subsidence.
- 3. In order to benefit from the expertise and available information on groundwater in various countries, the possibilities to intensify the contacts between IGRAC and the groundwater community should be further investigated.

Appendices

Appendices: Lists of inventoried documents

A:	Category	'Drilling	and	well	construction
----	----------	-----------	-----	------	--------------

- B: Category 'Surveys and field tests'
- Category 'Field measurements and sampling' C:
- Category 'Soil Quality' D:
- E:
- Category 'Water Quality'
 Category 'Data analysis and mapping' F:
- G: Category 'Monitoring networks'
- H: Categories 'Groundwater Modelling and Miscellaneous'

Appendix A: List of inventoried documents - category 'Drilling and well construction'

		Туре					-—i			Drillin	g & W	ell con	str.	
		Handbooks	Guides	Manuals	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Well-site selection	Drilling methods	Well construction & development	Well operation & maintenance	Well abandonment
Title	Published by	Ĩ	Ğ	¥	ZS.	ũ	Ø	δ	<u> </u>	Š	٩	2	5	
Handbook of Suggested Practices for the Design and Installation of Ground-Water Monitoring Wells	US-EPA	S1 S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	A1	A2 A2	A3 A3	A4 A4	A5 A5
Trailidation of Suggested Fractices for the Design and Installation of Ground-vyater Monitoring vyells	US-EFA	. 31			-									1.0
Standard Guide for Selection and Documentation of Existing Wells for Use in Environmental Site Characterization and Monitoring	ASTM			·	S4		ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	A1		· [
Standard Guide for Set of Data Elements to Describe a Ground-Water Site; Part One-Additional Identification Descriptors	ASTM	1			S4					A1				
Standard Guide for Set of Data Elements to Describe a Ground-Water Site; Part Three-Usage Descriptors	ASTM				S4				†	A1				
Standard Guide for Set of Data Elements to Describe a Ground-Water Site; Part Two-Physical Descriptors	ASTM	1			54	_	_			A1	\vdash	-		
Standard Practice for Minimum Set of Data Elements to Identify a Ground-Water Site	ASTM	 	~				S6			A1				
Practice for Sonic Drilling in Geoenvironmental Exploration and Installation of Su Bsurface Monitoring Devices	ASTM	+					S6		:	1	A2			1
Standard Guide for Selection of Drilling Methods for Environmental Site Characterization	ASTM				S4			-		†	A2	-		1
Standard Guide for Use of Cable-Tool Drilling and Sampling Methods for Geoenvironmental Exploration and Installation of	7.07111	+					:							
Subsurface Water-Quality Monitoring Devices	ASTM		'		S4					1	A2			
Standard Guide for Use of Casing Advancement Drilling Methods for Geoenvironmental Exploration and Installation of				···						1	 			
Subsurface Water-Quality Monitoring Devices	ASTM	1	i	:	S4		1	ļ	1	Į.	A2	i '		1
Standard Guide for Use of Direct Air-Rotary Drilling for Geoenvironmental Exploration and the Installation of Subsurface Water-		+	-							1				
Quality Monitoring Devices	ASTM				S4				-	ļ	A2		ĺ	
Standard Guide for Use of Direct Rotary Drilling with Water-Based Drilling Fluid for Geoenvironmental Exploration and the		•					_				1			
Installation of Subsurface Water-Quality Monitoring Devices	ASTM	ĺ	[(S4		!	{	İ	[A2	[[!
Standard Guide for Use of Direct Rotary Wireline Casing Advancement Drilling Methods for Geoenvironmental Exploration and		1	<u> </u>		Ť	:	•	i		t	T			1
Installation of Subsurface Water-Quality Monitoring Devices	ASTM				S4		İ				A2	:		
Standard Guide for Use of Dual-Wall Reverse-Circulation Drilling for Geoenvironmental Exploration and the Installation of		1		+					1	1				
Subsurface Water-Quality Monitoring Devices	ASTM	1	:		S4		1				A2		ì	
Standard Guide for Use of Hollow-Stem Augers for Geoenvironmental Exploration and the Installation of Subsurface Water-		1			:				T					
Quality Monitoring Devices	ASTM	1			S4				1	1	A2			
Subsurface Characterization and Monitoring Techniques	EPA	1	S2		Ī					T	A2			_
Practical Handbook of Ground Water Monitoring [Groundwater monitoring System Design; Design and Installation of		•		<u> </u>			!	!		1				
Groundwater Monitoring Wells].	Lewis	S1				ı				1	A2	!		
Application of drilling, coring and sampling techniques to testholes and wells	USGS	S1	t	_	†			1		T	A2	i	!	1
Standard Practice for Design and Installation of Ground Water Monitoring Wells in Aquifers. Annual Book of American Society for		1	 	†		<u> </u>	1		T	1	\top		i	
		1				i .	S6	1	1		1	A3	1	1

Appendix A: List of inventoried documents - category 'Drilling and well construction'

			г			_				$\overline{}$			$\overline{}$	\neg
		Туре								Drillir	g & W	ell con	ıstr.	
						(03)		İ						
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuais	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM,	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Well-site selection	Drilling methods	Well construction & development	Well operation & maintenance	Well abandonment
		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	\$7	S8	A1	A2	А3	A4	A5
Standard Guide for Development of Ground-Water Monitoring Wells in Granular Aquifers	ASTM				S4				:	T		A3		'
Standard Guide for Installation of Direct Push Ground Water Monitoring Wells	ASTM				54							A3		
Standard Practice for Direct Push Installation of Prepacked Screen Monitoring Wells in Unconsolidated Aquifers	ASTM	_					S6			T		A3		
Standard Specifications for Thermoplastic Well Casing Pipe and Couplings Made in Standard Dimension Ratios (SDR) SCH40 and SCH80. Annual Book of American Society for Testing Material Standards. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Vol. 04.08, pp. 792-805.	ACTU			}	}	.— 	İ	87		}		A3	 	i
Guidelines for implementation of piezometers	ASTM HP-India	-	S2	 			 	31	+	+	├─-	A3		ا —
Groundwater and Wells, 2nd ed.	Johnson Division	S1	32	<u> </u>	 	-	+	+	+	+	-	A3	+	\vdash
Manual on the Selection and Installation of Thermoplastic Water Well Casing.	NWWA	+	+	S3		 	+-	+		 	 	A3		·
Ground-Water Data-Collection Protocols and Procedures for the National Water-Quality Assessment Program: Selection,		 	+-	† 	<u> </u>				1	†				:
Installation, and Documentation of Wells, and Collection of Related Data	USGS			İ	i			. \$7				A3		
A Guide to the Selection of Materials for Monitoring Well Construction and Ground Water Sampling.	US-Illinois SWS		\$2					1	T	1		A3		
Michigan Water Well Grouting Manual.	US-Michigan			S3			1		1	T		A3		
Design and Construction of Water Wells.	Van Nostrand	S1				Ī		T				А3		
Groundwater Resource Evaluation	McCraw-Hill	S1	-					L				A3		
Groundwater and Wells (Second ed.).	Johnson Division	S1										A3	A4	
Standard Guide for Maintenance and Rehabilitation of Ground-Water Monitoring Wells	ASTM				S4						·		A4	+
Standard Guide for Purging Methods for Wells Used for Ground-Water Quality Investigations	ASTM			i	S4						L _	!	A4	<u> </u>
		1	1 -			!	!			1		i '	.	1
Standard Guide for Decommissioning of Ground Water Wells, Vadose Zone Monitoring Devices, Boreholes, and Other Devices for Environmental Activities Guidelines for Plugging Abandoned Water Wells.	ASTM				S4	'						l	<u> </u>	A5 A5

Appendix B: List of inventoried documents - category 'Surveys and field tests'

		Туре								Surve	ys & f	ield te	sts	<u> </u>
						methods (ASTM, ISO)		efc.)			:			
itle	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuals	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination method	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, e	References	Remote sensing methods	Geophysical surface methods	Borehole and well logging	Pumping tests	Geotechnical tests
		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	В1	B2	B3	84	B5
ubsurface Characterization and Monitoring Techniques	EPA		S2							B1	82	B3	B4	
oplication of seismic-refraction techniques to hydrologic studies	USGS	S1									B2			
pplication of surface geophysics to groundwater investigations	USGS	S1	t		t		 				B2			
pplication of Surface Geophysics to Groundwater Investigations.	USGS	S 1	i — —		!		-	-			B2			
valuation of Selected Borehole Geophysical Methods for Hazardous Waste Site Investigations and Monitoring.	EPA					 		S7				В3		-
Veil Logging in Groundwater Development.	IAH	S1	_									B3		T
ractical Handbook of Ground Water Monitoring [Groundwater monitoring System Design; Design and Installation of		 	 		 			_	-				 	+
Groundwater Monitoring Wells].	Lewis	S1										ВЗ		
Standard Descriptors for Boreholes	NORAD	31	S2	ļ								B3		+-
		Ca	32		 	├─	 		-			B3		+-
pplication of borehole geophysics to water-resources investigations.	USGS	S1			<u> </u>				-	<u> </u>		B3	<u> </u>	+-
orehole geophysics applied to groundwater investigations	USGS	S1	÷			-				-		- 63	D4	
tandard Guide for Methods for Measuring Well Discharge	ASTM				S4							—	B4	+
tandard Guide for Selection of Aquifer-Test Method in Determining of Hydraulic Properties by Well Techniques	ASTM			<u></u>	S4	<u> </u>				L		ļ	B4	4
Standard Practice for (Field Procedure) for Constant Drawdown Tests in Flowing Wells for Determining Hydraulic Properties of		1	ļ			\	1		1	ļ !		\	i	1
Aquifer Systems	ASTM	<u> </u>				L	S6					L	B4	
Standard Test Method (Analytical Procedure) for Determining Hydraulic Properties of a Confined Aquifer and a Leaky Confining Bed with Negligible Storage by the Hantush-Jacob Method	ASTM	!				S5							B4	
Standard Test Method (Analytical Procedure) for Determining Hydraulic Properties of a Confined Aquifer Taking into									:		İ		L.	:
Consideration Storage of Water in Leaky Confining Beds by Modified Hantush Method	ASTM	<u> </u>		l		S5				L			B4	+
Standard Test Method (Analytical Procedure) for Determining the Efficiency of a Production Well in a Confined Aquifer from a													i	
Constant Rate Pumping Test	ASTM		!			\$5	L					<u> </u>	B4	
Standard Test Method (Analytical Procedure) for Determining Transmissivity and Storage Coefficient of Nonleaky Confined)))	i	1	i)))))	
quifers by the Modified Theis Nonequilibrium Method	ASTM		i			S5		L		l			B4	
tandard Test Method (Analytical Procedure) for Determining Transmissivity and Storage Coefficient of Nonleaky Confined			Ī	:			İ		!	1		1		!
quifers by the Theis Nonequilibrium Method	ASTM			İ	-	S5				l			B4	i
tandard Test Method (Analytical Procedure) for Determining Transmissivity of Nonleaky Confined Aquifers by Overdamped Well			Ť			1						Γ^{-}		7
esponse to Instantaneous Change in Head (Slug Tests)	ASTM					S5							B4	
standard Test Method (Field Procedure) for Withdrawai and Injection Well Tests for Determining Hydraulic Properties of Aquifer			T	1	\vdash					T		1		
	ASTM	i	{	l	1	S5	1	i	ł	{	ł	{	B4	1
		+	+	+	 	S5			 -			† —	B4	
	ASIM							1		L .		:		
Standard Test Method [Analytical Procedure] for Tests of Anisotropic Unconfined Aquifers by Neuman Method	ASTM	 	<u></u>		 	 			-	1			1	
Systems Standard Test Method [Analytical Procedure] for Tests of Anisotropic Unconfined Aquifers by Neuman Method Standard Test Method for (Analytical Procedure for) Analyzing the Effects of Partial Penetration of Control Well and Determining the Hadispotal and Medical Hadispulic Conductivity in a Neglegible Confined Aquifer			<u></u>				Ì				j	; —	84	
tandard Test Method [Analytical Procedure] for Tests of Anisotropic Unconfined Aquifers by Neuman Method	ASTM		<u> </u>			S 5			!				84	1

Appendix B: List of inventoried documents - category 'Surveys and field tests'

		Туре							<u> </u>	Surve	ys & f	ield te	sts	
						(ASTM, ISO)		f:						
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuais	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Remote sensing methods	Geophysical surface methods	Borehole and well logging	Pumping tests	Geotechnical tests
		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S 7	S8	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5
Standard Test Method for (Analytical Procedure) Determining Transmissivity of Confined Nonleaky Aquifers by Critically Damped														
Well Response to Instantaneous Change in Head (Slug)	ASTM					S5			L	L		L'	B4	<u> </u>
Standard Test Method for (Analytical Procedure) Determining Transmissivity, Storage Coefficient, and Anisotropy Ratio from a Network of Partially Penetrating Wells	ASTM				: :	S5			_		Ĺ		B4	
Standard Test Method for (Analytical Procedure) for Determining Transmissivity of Confined Nonleaky Aquifers by Underdamped												. '		
Well Response to Instantaneous Change in Head (Slug Test) Standard Test Method for (Field Procedure) for Instantaneous Change in Head (Slug) Tests for Determining Hydraulic Properties	ASTM				-	S5	 		<u> </u>		-	<u> </u>	B4	┼
orangalo restribution (neigh modedule) for instantaneous change in Head (Sug) resis for betermining hydraulic Propentes of Aquifiers	ASTM		İ			S5	-						B4	
Standard Test Method for Determining Specific Capacity and Estimating Transmissivity at the Control Well	ASTM	-			-	S5	+	$\overline{}$			<u>-</u>		B4	├
Standard Test Method for Determining Transmissivity and Storage Coefficient of Bounded, Nonleaky, Confined Aquifers	ASTM				-	S5			-			f	B4	
Standard Test Method for Determining Transmissivity and Storage Coefficient of Low-Permeability Rocks by in Situ	7.010						 							_
Measurements Using the Constant Head Injection Test	ASTM)		}		S5		1) '	B4	}
Standard Test Method for Determining Transmissivity and Storativity of Low Permeability Rocks by In Situ Measurements Using														
Pressure Pulse Technique	ASTM					S5				L		.i	B4	
Standard Test Method for Determining Transmissivity of Nonleaky Confined Aquifers by the Theis Recovery Method	ASTM					S5			-			! /	84	:
Standard Test Method for Measuring the Rate of Well Discharge by Circular Orifice Weir	ASTM	<u> </u>				S5						ļ	B4	 -
Determination of Aquifer Parameters From Step Tests and Intermittent Pumping Data	Groundwater	S1							ļ			<u> </u>	B4	├ ─
Analysis and evaluation of pumping test data.	ILRI, Wageningen	-	S2				-	ļ	├ ──			├	B4	
Aquifer Testing, Design and Analysis of Pumping and Slug Tests.	Lewis USGS	S1		<u></u>					┼──	<u> </u>	-	├	B4 B4	 -
Aquifer-test design, observation, and data analysis Type curves for selected problems of flow to wells in confined aquifers	USGS	S1 S1	·			 	ļ	!	├─-		<u> </u>	├	B4	
Groundwater Resource Evaluation	McCraw-Hill	S1						 	 	_		+	B4	-
A Slug Test for Determining Hydraulic Conductivity of Unconfined Aquifers with Completely or Partially Penetrating Wells.	WRR	31		ļ	 	 		S7	 	 	1:		B4	:
Deep, Quasi-Static, Cone and Friction-Cone Penetration Tests of Soil, D3441-86, 1989 Annual Book of ASTM Standards.	741313						 	- U.		<u> </u>		-	- -	\vdash
Philadelphia, pp. 414-419.	ASTM		S2	l					i					B5
Standard Guide for Using the Electronic Cone Penetrometer for Environmental Site Characterization	ASTM		T		54		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	†					B5
Standard Method For Deep Quasi-state, Cone and Frictioncone Penetration Tests of Soils. Annual Book of American Society of	<u> </u>													
Festing Material Standards. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Vol. 04.08, pp. 338-343.	ASTM					S5		<u>:</u>		L			L	B5
Standard Method for Penetration Test and Split-Barrel Sampling of Soils. Annual Book of American Society for Testing and												1		
Materiai Standards. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Vol. 04.08, pp. 129-133.	ASTM	Ĺ			·	S5		<u>↓</u> _			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		B5
Standard Practice for Cone Penetrometer Technology Characterization of Petroleum Contaminated Sites with Nitrogen Laser-													i	
induced Fluorescence	ASTM	ļ	<u> </u>		ļ	L	S6	ļ		L_		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	B5
Guidelines for Cone Penetration Test Performance and Design.	FHWA		_S2				L	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	L	L	Щ.	B:

		, 		\neg										
		Туре								Field r	neasu	rem. 8	samp	philo
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuals	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Soll and rock sampling	Measuring soil moisture content and fluxes	Measuring GW-levels	GW-quality sensors	Sampling of GW-quality (Incl. preservation)
	T dollaried by	: S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5
Subsurface Characterization and Monitoring Techniques	EPA	+ 51	S2	- 33		35	- 55		- 30	C1	C2	C3	-	C5
Standard Guide for Comparison of Field Methods for Determining Hydraulic Conductivity in the Vadose Zone	ASTM	+-			S4			-		C1	C2			
Handbook of Suggested Practices for the Design and Installation of Ground-Water Monitoring Wells	US-EPA	S1						i	-	C1		C3		C5
Standard Guide for Selection of the Minimum Set of Data Elements Required to Identify Locations Chosen for the Field Collection		+	_	~		 	-	 						
of Information to Describe Soil, Rock, and Their Contained Fluids	ASTM				S4	i				C1				J
Standard Practice for Minimum Set of Data Elements to Identify a Soil Sampling Site	ASTM	+	 			, 	S6	 	_	C1				=
Ground-Water Contamination: Field Methods.	ASTM	S1		-		;		 		C1				C5
Standard Guide for Direct Push Soil Sampling for Environmental Site Characterizations	ASTM	31			S4	+	 	ļ		C1				⊢ ⊸
					S4 S4		 -		 	C1				\vdash
Standard Guide for Selection of Soil and Rock Sampling Devices Used With Drill Rigs for Environmental Investigations	ASTM		-		- 54		-		L	U				$\vdash \vdash \vdash$
Standard Method for Density and Unit Weight of Soil in Place by Rubber Balloon Method. Annual Book of American Society of	A 0714		j .			S5				C1				
Testing Materials Standards (reapproved 1990). Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Vol. 04.08, pp. 168-171.	ASTM		L		<u> </u>	33		 	└	_U		\vdash		$\vdash \vdash \dashv$
Standard Method For Density of Soil in Place by Drive Cylinder Method. Annual Book of American Society of Testing Materials	40714		į	ļ		S5			į.	C1				(!
Standards (reapproved 1990). Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Vol. 04.08, pp. 265-269.	ASTM	+-	 -		<u> </u>	33				- ∵ -				\vdash
Standard Method for Density of Soils in Place by Sand Cone Method. Annual Book of American Society of Testing Materials	ACTLA	1				S5	1	!	1	C1		i i		- 1
Standards, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Vol. 04.08, pp. 112-117.	ASTM	+-				33				<u> </u>				\vdash
Standard Method For Description and Identification of Soils (Visual Manual Procedure). Annual Book of American Society of	40744	1]			0.5]	i		C1		'	1]]
Testing Materials Standards, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Vol. 04.08, pp. 214-224.	ASTM				<u> </u>	S5	 			UT -		i		$\vdash \vdash$
Standard Practice for Decontamination of Field Equipment Used at Nonradioactive Waste Sites, Annual Book of American	46714	İ					S6			C1 :				
Society for Testing and Material Standards. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Vol. 04.09, pp. 159-161.	ASTM	+				 				U				
Standard Practice for Thin-Wall Tube Sampling of Soils: AnnualBook of American Society for Testing and Material Standards.	A C T + 4	:		;	;	:	: S6			C1			,	
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Vol. 04.08, pp. 134-136.	ASTM					1	30	 		U		:		
Standard Practices for Preserving and Transporting Soil Samples. Annual Book of American Society for Testing and Materials	40714		-		1		S6	-	1	C1				, /
Standards, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Vol. 04.08, pp. 513-522.	ASTM	+-	 -			 	30			L 01				+-
Standard Test Method for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index for Soils. Annual Book of American Society of Testing	40711	1	:			C.				C1		'	1	
Materials Standards, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Vol. 04.08, pp. 551-561.	ASTM				 	S5	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>				\vdash
Standard Tests Method for pH in Soils. Annual Book of American Society of Testing Materials Standards. Philadelphia,	ACT14			•		C-				ٔ ہم ا				
Pennsylvania. Vol. 04.08, pp. 1125-1127.	ASTM	+	-		S4	S5				C1 C1				
Standard Guide for Soil Sampling from the Vadose Zone	ASTM	+	-			 			├	C1		-		
Soil quality - Sampling - Part 3: Guidance on safety	ISO	+-	<u> </u>	ļ	S4	₩-	.	├						
Soil Quality - Sampling - Part 1: Guidance on the design of sampling programmes	ISO			L	_ <u>S4</u>					C1				ـــــل

	 _	Tuno				Γ				Field		ırem. &	eami	nlina
		Type								reu	1110000	rom. G	30111	, and
					(OSI	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	(MT	ts, papers, etc.)			content and fluxes			(incl. preservation)
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuals	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determina	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks,	References	Soll and rock sampling	Measuring soil moisture	Measuring GW-levels	GW-quality sensors	Sampling of GW-quality (incl.
		՝ [։ S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6) S7	S8	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	C5
Soil Quality - Sampling - Part 2: Guidance on sampling techniques	ISO	1			S4		-	1		C1		,	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	
Soil quality - Vocabulary - Part 2: Terms and definitions relating to sampling	ISO	1	-		54	† <u>-</u>		1	†	C1				
Practical Handbook of Ground Water Monitoring [Groundwater monitoring System Design; Design and Installation of		1			_	 	 			T-				
Groundwater Monitoring Wells].	Lewis	S1			!				1	C1		1		C5
Application of drilling, coring and sampling techniques to testholes and wells	USGS	S1				+	i	1		C1				
Standard Guide for Comparison of Techniques to Quantify the Soil-Water (Moisture) Flux	ASTM				S4	<u> </u>			1	†	C2			-
Standard Guide for Measuring Matric Potential in the Vadose Zone Using Tensiometers	ASTM	+			S4	-		1	1	T	C2			
Standard Guide for Pore-Liquid Sampling from the Vadose Zone	ASTM	;			S4	+-		i	-	 	C2	\vdash		C5
Standard Guide for Soil Gas Monitoring in the Vadose Zone	ASTM	 			S4	+	†·	 	†	†—	C2	-		
Standard Method For Inflitration Rate of Soils in Field Using Double-Ring Inflitrometers. Annual Book of American Society of						+-	†	<u> </u>	+	†	1			\Box
Testing Materials Standards. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Vol. 04.08, pp. 321-327.	ASTM	()			ļ	S5		{	1	1	C2	1		, /
Standard Method For Moisture Content of Soil and Soil- Aggregate in Place by Nuclear Method (Shallow Depth), Annual Book of		·			_	 	-		†	†				
American Society of Testing Materials Standards. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Vol. 04.08, pp. 285-289.	ASTM] .				S5				1	C2	. 1		
Standard Methods for Moisture-Density Relationships of Soils and Soil Aggregating Mixtures Using 10 lb. (4.54 Kg) Hammer and					1		1		1	T				
18 in. (457-mm) Drop. Annual Book of American Society of Testing Materials Standards. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Vol. 04.08,		1		1	1	İ	ļ		}	1	į	1 1		1
pp. 118-125.	ASTM	1		ĺ		ſ	ĺ	S7	!	ĺ	C2	1 1		!
Standard Test Method for Logging In Situ Moisture Content and Density of Soil and Rock by the Nuclear Method in Horizontal,										T				i .
Signted, and Vertical Access Tubes	ASTM	L .				S5			<u> </u>	<u>L</u>	C2			L
Monitoring in the Vadose Zone: A Review of Technical Elements and Methods.	EPA	S1									C2			
Soil quality - Determination of pore water pressure - Tensiometer method	180					S5					C2			<u> </u>
Soil quality - Determination of water content in the unsaturated zone - Neutron depth probe method	ISO					S5				L	C2			
Practical Handbook of Soil, Vadose Zone, and Ground-Water Contamination; Assessment, Prevention and Remediation.	Lewis-Publishers	S1									C2			!
Standard Guide for Design of Ground-Water Monitoring Systems in Karst and Fractured-Rock Aquifers	ASTM				S4							C3		
Standard Test Method for Determining Subsurface Liquid Levels in a Borehole or Monitoring Well (Observation Well)	ASTM	<u> </u>			L	S5	<u> </u>	-	1		<u> </u>	C3		L
Manuals for Groundwater Data Collection, Processing and Storage	HP-India_	<u> </u>		S3	ļ		ļ	Ļ		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	C3		C5
Groundwater Monitoring Guidelines, Santa Clara County, California, 58 pp.	US-California	ļ	S2		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ	1	L	C3	_	
A Guide to Ground Water Sampling and Monitoring.	US-Idaho	L	S2		\			<u> </u>	1	1		C3		C5
A Guide to the Selection of Materials for Monitoring Well Construction and Ground Water Sampling.	US-Illinois SWS	<u> </u>	S2		L			L	4	4		C3		<u></u>
Ground-Water-Level Monitoring and the Importance of Long-Term Water-Level Data	USGS						<u> </u>	S7		ᆚ	·	C3		

		Туре								Field r	neasu	rem. &	samp	pling
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuals	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Soll and rock sampling	Measuring soil moisture content and fluxes	Measuring GW-levels	GW-quality sensors	Sampling of GW-quality (Incl. preservation)
		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	C1	C2	СЗ	C4	C5
Standard Guide for Use of Cable-Tool Drilling and Sampling Methods for Geoenvironmental Exploration and Installation of Subsurface Water-Quality Monitoring Devices	ASTM	; 01	UZ.		S4	- 33	- 50			J.			C4	
Standard Guide for Use of Casing Advancement Drilling Methods for Geoenvironmental Exploration and Installation of Subsurface Water-Quality Monitoring Devices	ASTM				S4]			l i]		1	C4	!
Standard Guide for Use of Direct Air-Rotary Drilling for Geoenvironmental Exploration and the Installation of Subsurface Water-	ASTMI	+			- 34									
Quality Monitoring Devices	ASTM				S4				ļ				C4	<u> </u>
Standard Guide for Use of Direct Rotary Drilling with Water-Based Drilling Fluid for Geoenvironmental Exploration and the		T					ĺ					ļ	;	i I
Installation of Subsurface Water-Quality Monitoring Devices	ASTM				S4								C4	
Standard Guide for Use of Direct Rotary Wireline Casing Advancement Drilling Methods for Geoenvironmental Exploration and	ı	!		1	l	!		ļ	ļ	! '				Į.
Installation of Subsurface Water-Quality Monitoring Devices	ASTM			L	S4			ļ	:	<u> </u>			C4	├ ──
Standard Guide for Use of Dual-Wall Reverse-Circulation Drilling for Geoenvironmental Exploration and the Installation of		1		ĺ	۱		!	1		ĺ		- 1		i
Subsurface Water-Quality Monitoring Devices	ASTM			<u> </u>	S4		<u> </u>	 	ļ —	 	<u> </u>		C4	
Standard Guide for Use of Hollow-Stern Augers for Geoenvironmental Exploration and the Installation of Subsurface Water-	A CTL4	1	ł		S4		i	ļ				í	C4	1
Quality Monitoring Devices Development of Effective Council Meter Sempling Protection in A.C. Colling and A.L. Johnson and Conuncil Meters	ASTM				34	├	<u> </u>		ļ		!		-04	
Development of Effective Ground-Water Sampling Protocols, in A.G. Collins and A.I. Johnson, eds., Ground-Water Contamination: Field Methods, ASTM STP 963, ASTM, Philadelphia, pp. 17-26.	ASTM		S2	!	:						İ			C5
Contamination: Field Methods, ASTM STP 903, ASTM, Philabelphia, pp. 17-20. Chemical Stability Prior to Ground-Water Sampling: A Review of Current Well Purging Methods, In: A. J Collins and A. I. Johnson			32		 			-	 	 				1_00
Chemical Stability Prior to Ground-Water Sampling, A Review of Current Well Purging Methods, Int. A. 3 Collins and A. I. Johnson (delitors), Ground-Water Contamination Field Methods. ASTM Publications. Baltimore, Maryland. pp. 232-239.	ASTM		S2				!			1		١.		C5
Guide for Packaging and Shipping Environmental Samples for Laboratory Analysis	ASTM		S2	\vdash	 			_		\vdash				C5
Standard Guide for Direct-Push Water Sampling for Geoenvironmental Investigations	ASTM	+	- 52	+	S4	+	 		 - -		L			C5
Standard Guide for Documenting a Ground-Water Sampling Event	ASTM	+	 -		S4	 	 			 -	T -	$\vdash \vdash \vdash$		C5
Standard Guide for Field Filtration of Ground-Water Samples	ASTM	+	 -	\vdash	S4	-		 	·	 				C5
Standard Guide for Field Preservation of Ground-Water Samples	ASTM	+	-	 	S4	1	\vdash	 		1				C5
Standard Guide for Purging Methods for Wells Used for Ground-Water Quality Investigations	ASTM	 	_		54	\vdash	†	 	1	 		·i		C5
Standard Guide for Sampling Groundwater Monitoring Wells. Annual Book of American Society for Testing and Material		+			+	 	-		\vdash	t				
Standards, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Vol. 11,04, pp. 91-103.	ASTM	!	ļ	1	S4	1	;			1	:			C5
Standard Guide for the Selection of Purging and Sampling Devices for Ground-Water Monitoring Wells	ASTM			 	S4	1	1	+	†	T				C5
				T .	†	T	T -				1			i
Standard Practice for Low-Flow Purging and Sampling for Wells and Devices Used for Ground-Water Quality Investigations	ASTM	1		1	1	1	S6	1		1	1			C5

		Ţ												-11
		Туре						: 		Field	ı measu	urem. 8	k samj	pling
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuais	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Soil and rock sampling	Measuring soil moisture content and fluxes	Measuring GW-levels	GW-quaitty sensors	Sampling of GW-quality (Incl. preservation)
		S1	S2	53	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5
Verification of Sampling Methods and Selection of Materials for Ground-Water Contamination Studies, in A.G. Collins and A.I.		1			:		:						!	
Johnson, eds., Ground-Water Contamination: Field Methods. ASTM STP 983, American Society for Testing and Materials,					İ		ĺ	ļ	İ					
Philadelphia, PA, pp. 221-231.	ASTM		S2		-		<u> </u>	·	 -	L			<u> </u>	C5
Field Comparison of Ground-Water Sampling Methods Interim Report.	EPA	-			-			S7	 					C5
Handbook for Sampling and Sample Preservation of Water and Wastewater	EPA			S3	ļ	<u> </u>		├	 				⊢—	C5
Permit Guidance Manual on Unsaturated Zone Monitoring for Hazardous Waste Land Treatment Units.	EPA	: -		S3			<u> </u>		 	<u> </u>				C5
Practical Guide for Ground-Water Sampling Manual of Ground Water Sampling Procedures.	EPA	-	S2		-	ł		 	<u> </u>	⊢—			— —	C5
Sampling Guidelines for Ground Water Quality.	EPA/NWWA EPRI	 		S3		├	ļ <u>.</u>	-	-	<u> </u>		ļ	<u> </u>	C5
Sampling Guidelines for Ground Water Quality. Groundwater Quality Sampling, Field Manual				S3	<u> </u>	├	· 				-		├	C5
Protocol for Water Quality Monitoring, Hydrology Project,	HP-India HP-India			S3	<u>. </u>	-	⊢—	S7	₩-					C5
Water quality Sampling Part 1: Guidance on the design of sampling programmes	ISO	+		<u> </u>	S4		-	5/	 	ļ			 	C5
Water quality Sampling Part 11: Guidance on sampling of groundwaters	ISO	+		ļ—	S4 S4	 -	 	 	+	 		-		C5
Water quality — Sampling — Part 14: Guidance on quality assurance of environmental water sampling and handling	ISO	+		<u> </u>	S4	L	 	+	+	$\vdash \neg$. C5
Water quality – Sampling Part 15: Guidance on preservation and handling of sludge and sediment samples	ISO	+			S4	1		+	: -	 	 			C5
Water quality — Sampling — Part 16: Guidance on biotesting of samples	ISO			\vdash	S4	 		_	+	+-	-	-		C5
Water quality — Sampling — Part 18: Guidance on sampling of groundwater at contaminated sites	ISO	1		\vdash	S4	<u> </u>		+	+	\vdash		 		C5
Water quality - Sampling - Part 2: Guidance on sampling techniques	ISO	+		\vdash	S4		+-	-	 			:		C5
Water quality Sampling Part 3: Guidance on the preservation and handling of samples	ISO	<u> </u>			S4						:			C5
Water quality Sampling Part 5: Guidance on sampling of drinking water and water used for food and beverage processing	ISO				S4	1			:					C5
RCRA Sampling Procedures Handbook	RCRA	S1			1	 	+		 	_		!	1	C5
Practical guide for ground-water sampling	USA-ISWS	1	S2						1					C5
Procedures for Conducting a Comprehensive Ground Water Monitoring Evaluation of Hazardous Waste Disposal Facilities.	US-California	S1		}		}	}		}	}	l i	}	İ	C5
Ground-water data-collection protocols and procedures for the national water-quality assessment program: collection and	JO Odillo IIId	 U		<u> </u>		 	+-	 	+	+-		 	+	+
documentation of water-quality samples and related data	USGS			S3			1	S7	!]			1	C5
Guidelines for collection and field analysis of GW samples for selected unstable constituents	USGS	+	S2	- 33	 			\ <u> </u>	i —	+			 	C5
National Field Manual for the Collection of Water-Quality Data, Techniques of Water-Resources Investigations, Book 9.	- 5555	+	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 	 		+	 				+	

		Туре								Field	meası	ırem. 8	eamı	nlina
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuais	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/defermination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Soil and rock sampling	Measuring soll moisture content and fluxes	Measuring GW-levels	GW-quality sensors	Sampling of GW-quality (Incl. preservation)
		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8_	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5
Practical Guide for Ground- Water Sampling.	US-Illinois SWS		S2										L	C5
Guidelines for Sampling Ground Water.	Water Polution					L		L	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	L.		C5
Murray-Darling Basin Groundwater Quality Sampling Guidelines			S2		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	·	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	L	+		C5
Groundwater Sampling: A Comprehensive Guide.	WRC-SA		S2			ļ	-	ļ		<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>		C5
Groundwater Sampling Procedures Guidelines.	<u> </u>	<u></u>	S2	L.,		L		L	Ц		L		<u> </u>	C5_

		Туре]	<u></u>				Soil C	uality	-subdi	vision		
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuals	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Criteria, termin. & codification	Sampling	Physical methods	Chemical methods & Soil charactaristics	Biological methods	Soli & site assessment
		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	D1.1	D1.2	D1.3	D1.4	D1.5	D1.8
ISO standards handbook 16.	ISO	+	<u> </u>	S3	† 	+		 -	1	D1.1					
Soll quality Vocabulary Part 1: Terms and definitions relating to the protection and pollution of the soil	iso		†	<u> </u>	S4	_	1		1	D1.1	: -			7	
Soil quality - Vocabulary Part 4: Terms and definitions related to rehabilitation of soils and sites	ISO	+-			S4	†			 	D1.1				\neg	
Soil quality - Vocabulary - Part 2: Terms and definitions relating to sampling	ISO	t			S4	T^{-}	\vdash		† -	D1.1				\rightarrow	
Soil quality - Format for recording soil and site information	ISO	+			S4	 			-	D1.1			-		
Soil quality Simplified soil description	ISO	+		 	S4	 -				D1.1					
Soil quality - Sampling - Part 3: Guidance on safety	ISO	+-	 	 	S4	 	 				D1.2		— T		
Soil Quality - Sampling - Part 1: Guidance on the design of sampling programmes	180				S4	 					D1.2	<u> </u>			
Soil Quality - Sampling - Part 2: Guidance on sampling techniques	ISO	+	-	-	S4		 		-	 	D1.2	-		— †	
Soil quality - Pretreatment of samples for physico-chemical analyses	iso	 	 		07	+	S6	-		-	D1.2				
Soil quality Determination of dry bulk density	ISO	-	 		 	S5	30				101.2	D1.3			
Son quality Determination of try pow density			 		 	33	 - -		 		,	D1.0	\vdash	-	
Soil quality — Determination of dry matter and water content on a mass basis — Gravimetric method Technical Corrigendum 1 Soil quality — Determination of particle density	ISO	ļ			ļ	S5 S5			<u> </u>			D1.3			
Soil quality — Determination of particle size distribution in mineral soil material — Method by sieving and sedimentation Technical	130	+		÷	┼─	35		-	┼	ł	-	01.3			
Corrigendum 1	ISO		ļ		1	S5	ļ	Į.	:	l		D1.3	,		
Soil quality - Determination of soil water content as a volume fraction using coring sleeves - Gravimetric method	ISO	+	 	 	 	S5				 	 	D1.3			
Soil quality — Determination of the water-retention characteristic — Laboratory methods	ISO	+	<u> </u>	 	S4	33						D1.3	 -		
Soil quality — Determination of cadmium, chromium, cobalt, copper, lead, manganese, nickel and zinc ~ Flame and electrothermal		+-		+		<u> </u>		 	:	 -	<u> </u>		-+	\rightarrow	
atomic absorption spectrometric methods	ISO	÷	i	{	İ	S5		(1	(1	{	D1.4	- {	
Soil quality — Determination of carbonate content – Volumetric method	ISO			 	+-	S5	\vdash			 	 	<u> </u>	D1.4		
Soil quality - Determination of effective cation exchange capacity and base saturation level using barium chloride solution			 	 	 	+55	-		 	_		<u> </u>			
Technical Configendum 1	ISO	1		!		\$5		i		1		ļ	D1.4		
Soil quality Determination of exchangeable acidity in barium chloride extracts	ISO	+	 		+	S5	\vdash	 	+	 		 .	D1.4		
Soil quality — Determination of excitating about in parallil unitarities extracts Soil quality — Determination of mineral oil content — Method by infrared spectrometry and gas chromatographic method	ISO	1-	 		+	S5	\vdash	 		1	 		D1.4	\dashv	
Soil quality - Determination of nitrate nitrogen, ammonium nitrogen and total soluble nitrogen in air-dry soils using calcium chloride		 	 	+		+ 30	 	\vdash		\vdash		 	++		
solution as extractant	ISO	1				S5	!	1		ļ		1	D1.4	:	
Soil quality Determination of nitrate, nitrite and ammonium in field moist soils using potassium chloride solution as extractant- Part	130			+	 	30		 	 	 	_	-	7.7		
1: Manual method	iso		<u> </u>			S5							D1.4		
Soil quality Determination of organic and total carbon after dry combustion (elementary analysis)	ISO	i		!		S5		i					D1.4		
Soil quality Determination of organic carbon by sulfochromic oxidation	ISO	1	T .			S5		Ī _					D1.4		
Soil quality Determination of organochlorine pesticides and polychlorinated biphenyls - Gas chromatographic method with		1	7		r =		1	$\overline{}$		_	7	ì	$\overline{}$	·	
		1	1	i			1	1							

		Туре								Soil C	uality-	subdiv	vision		
	Dublished by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuals	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Criteria, termin. & codification	Sampling	Physical methods	Chemical methods & Soil charactaristics	Biological methods	Soll & site assessment
Title	Published by	2	ğ	ž	Š	Š	S	δ	Æ	Ö	8	ā	2	Ö	×
Soil quality — Determination of phosphorus – Spectrometric determination of phosphorus soluble in sodium hydrogen carbonate solution	ISO	\$1	SZ	S3_	S4	S5 S5	S6	\$7	S8	D1.1	D1.2	D1.3	D1.4	D1.5	D1.6
Soil quality Determination of polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons Method using high -performance liquid chromatography	ISO					S5		:					D1.4		
Soil quality Determination of redox potential Field method	ISO		_	_	1	S5					-		D1.4	7	
Soil quality - Determination of the potential cation exchange capacity and exchangeable cations using barium chloride solution					-									\neg	
buffered at pH ≈ 8,1	ISO					S5		İ		1 '	1 1	J	D1.4		1
Soil quality - Determination of the specific electrical conductivity Technical Configendum 1	ISO	T				S5							D1.4		
Soil quality Determination of total nitrogen Modified Kjeldahl method	ISO			Ľ	L	S5					i		D1.4		
Soil quality Determination of total nitrogen content by dry combustion ("elemental analysis")	ISO					S5				L			D1.4		
Soil quality - Determination of total sulfur by dry combustion	ISO					S5				<u> </u>			D1.4		
Soil quality - Determination of water-soluble and acid-soluble sulfate	ISO	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ		S5		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			D1.4		
					1		000	[1		1	na a	ı	ĺ
Soll quality Dissolution for the determination of total element content Part 1: Dissolution with hydrofluoric and perchloric acids	ISO		<u> </u>		⊢ —	├	S6	<u> </u>		├ ─	├ ──┤		D1.4		
Soil quality — Extraction of trace elements by buffered DTPA solution	ISO ISO		}	<u> </u>	├ ─	+	S6 S6			!	├ ──┼		D1.4		
Soil quality – Extraction of trace elements scluble in aqua regia Soil quality – Gas-chromatographic determination of the content of volatile aromatic hydrocarbons, naphthalene and volatile	190	 -		-	┼	-	30			├—			 		
hatogenated hydrocarbons Purge and trap method with thermal desorption	ISO	i				S5				1	ĺ		D1.4		
Soil quality — Biological methods — Determination of nitrogen mineralization and nitrification in soils and the influence of chemicals	100	├				33	+	 	\vdash	f					
on these processes	ISO			:	:	S5					:			D1.5	
Soil quality - Determination of abundance and activity of soil microflora using respiration curves	ISO	 	 		 	S5		 		\vdash	\vdash	-		D1.5	
Soil quality — Guidance on laboratory testing for biodegradation of organic chemicals in soil under aerobic conditions	ISO	 	 	 	S4					┢				D1.5	
Soil quality - Guidance on laboratory testing for biodegradation of organic chemicals in soil under anaerobic conditions	ISO	 	_	 	S4		_							D1.5	
											-		i i		
Soil quality Laboratory incubation systems for measuring the mineralization of organic chemicals in soil under aerobic conditions	ISO				S4		i			ĺ	1 '	ļ		D1.5	
Soil quality - Laboratory methods for determination for microbial soil respiration	ISO	,	J		Γ	S5	,			Γ				D1.5	

															 -	
		Туре								Water	Qualif	ty subc	div.			
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuals	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Terminology	Sampling	Physical methods	Chemical methods	Biochemical methods	Microbiological methods	Biological methods
Title	Published by	S1				S 5		S7	S8		.	D2.3				
Water quality Vocabulary	ISO	1 31	S2	53	S4 S4	- 55	30	31	30	D2.1	DZ.Z	D2.3	U2.4	02.5	52.6	UZ.1
Water quality Vocabulary	ISO	ļ	,		S4					D2.1	$\vdash \vdash \vdash$		-+			
Water quality Vocabulary	ISO		 		S4	<u> </u>		— i		D2.1	\vdash	-	-+	+	-	 √
Water quality Vocabulary Water quality Vocabulary	ISO		├		S4 S4					D2.1	\vdash		\rightarrow			
Water quality Vocabulary	ISO	├ ──			54	-				D2.1		-		\longrightarrow	\longrightarrow	
Water quality Vocabulary Water quality Vocabulary						<u> </u>							-	+	<u> </u>	
Water quality Vocabulary Water quality Vocabulary	ISO	 	ļ		S4	<u> </u>	├ ──┤			D2.1	 	+	\longrightarrow		-+	
Water quality Vocabulary Water quality Vocabulary					S4						 					
<u> </u>	ISO	<u> </u>	 	-	S4	<u> </u>				D2.1	\vdash			\longrightarrow		,——.!
Water quality - Vocabulary - Part 9: Alphabetical list and subject index	ISO	 	ļ		S4	<u> </u>	 -			D2.1	Door				\longrightarrow	
Water quality — Sampling — Part 1: Guidance on the design of sampling programmes	ISO				S4	ļ	\vdash	i			D2.2			+		
Water quality - Sampling Part 11: Guidance on sampling of groundwaters Water quality Sampling Part 14: Guidance on quality assurance of environmental water sampling and handling	ISO	₩	<u> </u>		S4	<u> </u>	\vdash		 		D2.2	,——		\longrightarrow		
Water quality — Sampling — Part 14: Guidance on quality assurance or environmental water sampling and handling Water quality — Sampling — Part 15: Guidance on preservation and handling of sludge and sediment samples	ISO				S4 S4					-	D2.2			+	—-	
Water quality - Sampling - Part 15: Guidance on preservation and nandling or studge and sediment samples Water quality - Sampling - Part 16: Guidance on biotesting of samples	ISO				54		<u> </u>		-		D2.2				-+	
Water quality — Sampling — Part 18: Guidance on sampling of groundwater at contaminated sites	ISO	-	-		S4 S4					-	D2.2					
Water quality — Sampling — Part 16. Guidance on sampling or groundwater at contaminated sites Water quality — Sampling — Part 2: Guidance on sampling techniques	ISO	 			S4 S4						D2.2			\rightarrow		
Water quality — Sampling — Part 3: Guidance on sampling techniques Water quality — Sampling — Part 3: Guidance on the preservation and handling of samples	ISO		-		54		\vdash				D2.2			\longrightarrow		
Traco quarty camping - rait of contained on the preservation and nationally of samples	130	+		i	34		\vdash				UZ.Z			+		
 Water quality – Sampling – Part 5: Guidance on sampling of drinking water and water used for food and beverage processing	ISO			ĺ	S4						D2.2	, !		.	!	
Water quality — Determination of the activity concentration of radionuclides by high resolution gamma-ray spectrometry	ISO	 	-		34	S5			<u> </u>	- !	UZ.Z)	D2.3		+		
Water quality — Determination of the activity concentration — Liquid scintillation counting method	ISO		-			S5	\vdash			} ⁻		D2.3		+	+	
Water quality — Measurement of gross alpha activity in non-saline water Thick source method	ISO	 	-	<u> </u>		- 33	S6		-	├		D2.3			-	
Water quality Measurement of gross beta activity in non-saline water	ISO	+				-	S6			-		D2.3				
Water quality Relation and evaluation of analytical methods and estimation of performance characteristics Part 1:	130	+				 	30			 	 	ال عال		+		
Statistical evaluation of the linear calibration function	ISO		-	ĺ	S4	ĺ	[]		[. 1	D2.4	Ì	1	ı
Water quality – Calibration and evaluation of analytical methods and estimation of performance characteristics – Part 2:	130				34		 		-				U2.4			
Calibration strategy for non-linear second-order calibration functions	iso				S4						'		D2.4	. 1		
Companion of the Household Companion (thosping	100			L	, J44					L			25.7			

		L	1 :		:				· ·							
		Type			ļ		:	-		Water	Quali	ty sub	div.			-
		Handbooks	Guides	Wanusis	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	Rafarances	Terminology	Sampling	Physical methods	Chemical methods	Biochemical methods	Microbiological methods	Biological methods
Title	Published by	£	8	Ž.	25	Š	St	8	8	P.	_Sa	<u> </u>	ช	18	_₹_	18
<u>'</u>		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	58	D2 1	D2 2	D2.3	D2.4	D2.5	D2.6	D2.7
Water quality - Guide to analytical quality control for water analysis	ISO	, J,	32		S4	-55	1 30		- 55	-		;	D2.4			
Water quality - Determination of 15 polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) in water by HPLC with fluorescence detection after		†	_				+	 								-
liquid-liquid extraction	180					S5	i	İ	'	1	i		D2.4			'
Water quality - Determination of 33 elements by inductively coupled plasma atomic emission spectroscopy	ISO		$\vdash \lnot$		-	S5		T	·				D2.4			
Water quality Determination of adsorbable organically bound halogens (AOX)	ISO		-1		 	S5		1				\vdash	D2.4			
Water quality - Determination of alkalinity - Part 1: Determination of total and composite alkalinity	ISO		†			S5			-				D2.4			
Water quality Determination of alkalinity Part 2: Determination of carbonate alkalinity	ISO		+			S5			1			í	D2.4			
Water quality Determination of aluminium Atomic absorption spectrometric methods	ISO	_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	S5				[1	D2.4			
Water quality - Determination of aluminium - Spectrometric method using pyrocatechol violet	ISO	•		_		S5	T -			Γ –	i		D2.4		:	
Water quality Determination of ammonium Distillation and titration method	ISO					S5	-	1				Ι –	D2.4			[
Water quality - Determination of ammonium - Part 1: Manual spectrometric method	ISO					S5	ī		Г	Ī			D2.4			
Water quality Determination of ammonium Part 2: Automated spectrometric method	ISO					S5		<u>L</u>				1	D2.4			
Water quality - Determination of ammonium Potentiometric method	ISO					S5	T					Ĭ_	D2.4	L		L
Water quality – Determination of ammonium nitrogen by flow analysis (CFA and FIA) and spectrometric detection	ISO					S5	T						D2.4			
Water quality — Determination of arsenic — Atomic absorption spectrometric method (hydride technique)	ISO					S5				L			D2.4		<u></u>	<u> </u>
Water quality — Determination of benzene and some derivatives — Part 1: Head-space gas chromatographic method	ISO					S5							D2.4	L		· -
Water quality – Determination of benzene and some derivatives Part 2: Method using extraction and gas chromatography	ISO		<u> </u>			S5_	<u> </u>	: +	! 			·	D2.4	·		
Water quality - Determination of biochemical oxygen demand after n days (BODn) Part 1: Dilution and seeding method with					!	l	1			l	ļ	1		1		
allylthiourea addition	ISO					S5	ļ		ļ	└		ļ	D2.4			—-
Water quality Determination of biochemical oxygen demand after n days (BODn) Part 2: Method for undiluted samples	ISO					S5					Ĺ	<u> </u>	D2.4			<u> </u>
Water quality — Determination of borate Spectrometric method using azomethine-H	ISO					S5	!	1	1	<u> </u>		!	D2.4		<u> </u>	—-
Water quality Determination of cadmium by atomic absorption spectrometry	ISO		<u> </u>			S5	·					-	D2.4	<u> </u>		
Water quality - Determination of calcium and magnesium Atomic absorption spectrometric method	ISO					S5	<u> </u>		L	L	<u> </u>		D2.4		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Water quality Determination of calcium content EDTA titrimetric method	ISO		ا			S5			<u></u>	<u> </u>		<u></u>	D2.4	L	L	<u>. </u>

		Туре								Water	r Quali	ity sub	div.	_		
		Handbooks	Guides	Wanuals	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Terminology	Sampling	Physical methods	Chemical methods	Blochemical methods	Microbiological methods	Blological methods
Title	Published by	I E	00	8	33	25	St	8	8	Ē	S.	£	ঠ	ã	È	ă
		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	SR	D2 1	D2 2	D2 3	D2 4	D2.5	D2.6	D2.7
Water quality Determination of certain organochlorine insecticides, polychlorinated biphenyls and chlorobenzenes Gas		 -				 								i		
chromatographic method after liquid-liquid extraction	ISO	İ		İ	ľ	S5	i l	ĺ	1	1	1		D2.4	نــــا		<u></u>
Water quality Determination of chloride Silver nitrate titration with chromate indicator (Mohr's method)	ISO	<u> </u>				S5							D2.4			
Water quality Determination of chloride by flow analysis (CFA and FiA) and photometric or potentiometric detection	ISO					S5							D2.4			
Water quality - Determination of chromium - Atomic absorption spectrometric methods	ISO		<u> </u>			S5							D2.4			<u> </u>
Water quality - Determination of chromium(VI) Spectrometric method using 1,5-diphenylcarbazide	ISO					S5							D2.4			<u> </u>
Water quality - Determination of cobalt, nickel, copper, zinc, cadmium and lead - Flame atomic absorption spectrometric														ı.		1
methods	ISO					S5		<u></u>			<u> </u>		D2.4			
Water quality - Determination of cyanide - Part 1: Determination of total cyanide	ISO					S5					\perp	!	D2.4			-
Water quality — Determination of cyanide Part 3: Determination of cyanogen chloride	ISO					S5	<u>:</u>		ļ	↓	· —	<u> </u>	D2.4	\sqcup		
Water quality — Determination of dissolved anions by liquid chromatography of ions — Part 3: Determination of chromate, iodide,		!		!						1]		i
sulfite, thiocyanate and thiosulfate	ISO		-			S5			1	1		-	D2.4			—
Water quality Determination of dissolved anions by liquid chromatography of ions Part 4: Determination of chlorate, chloride	!	İ						:	i	1			00.4			
and chlorite in water with low contamination	ISO	 	-	<u> </u>	ļ	S5	ļ. —			—	+	<u> </u>	D2.4	 		+
Water quality — Determination of dissolved bromate — Method by liquid chromatography of ions	ISO	 		├	! -	S5		\ —		 	+		U2.4		<u> </u>	! -
Water quality — Determination of dissolved fluoride, chloride, nitrite, orthophosphate, bromide, nitrate and sulfate ions, using	180	ł	1	ł		S5	1	1	1	ł		}	D2.4	! !		1
liquid chromatography of ions - Part 1: Method for water with low contamination Water quality - Determination of dissolved Li+, Na+, NH4+, K+, Mn2+, Ca2+, Mg2+, Sr2+ and Ba2+ using ion chromatography -	ISO	 	-		-	135		 	+	+-	_	+	WZ.4	-		+
Invaler quality — Determination of dissolved Lift, Na+t, Nn4+t, R+, Nn12+, Ca2+, Nng2+, Sr2+ and Ba2+ dising fon difformatography — Method for water and waste water	ISO)		1]	S5	ì)	١))	D2.4			
Water quality – Determination of dissolved oxygen Electrochemical probe method	ISO		-		 	S5	 	-	+	+	+	+	D2.4			+
Water quality — Determination of dissolved oxygen — Iodometric method	iso	i 	:	 	+-	S5	 	†	\vdash	 	+-		D2.4			1
Water quality — Determination of dissolved sulfide Photometric method using methylene blue	ISO	1	:	 	 	S5	 	 	1-	t	+	$\dagger -$	D2.4			1-
Water quality Determination of electrical conductivity	ISO	+	+	 	+	S5	 	 	+	†		\top	D2.4			1
Water quality - Determination of fluoride - Part 1: Electrochemical probe method for potable and lightly polluted water	ISO	 	\vdash	_		S5		1	+	T	1	\top	D2.4			
		+			+	+	_	+		1-	+	$\overline{}$	+			
Water quality Determination of free chlorine and total chlorine Part 1: Titrimetric method using N,N-djethyl-1,4-					1		İ	1				!				:

	,							,	,							$\overline{}$
		Туре							! 	Wate	r Qual	ity sub	div.			
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuais	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Terminology	Sampling	Physical methods	Chemical methods	Blochemical methods	Microbiological methods	Biological methods
									T						D2.6	D2.7
Water quality — Determination of free chlorine and total chlorine — Part 2: Colorimetric method using N,N-diethyl-1,4-		S1	S2	S3	S4_	S5	S6	S7	58	U2.1	U2.2	D2.3	02.4	D2.5	D2.0	D2.1
phenylenediamine, for routine control purposes	ISO	ł		!	ł	S5		1	1	ł	1	i	D2.4		!	1 1
Water quality - Determination of free chlorine and total chlorine Part 3: Iodometric titration method for the determination of total			-				\vdash	┼─ॱ	_		 					
chlorine	ISO			;)	S5)))))	D2.4		j 1) /
Water quality - Determination of highly volatile halogenated hydrocarbons Gas-chromatographic methods	ISO	-		 		S5		1	 				D2.4			
		i —			T			!	† -					i		
Water quality — Determination of hydrocarbon oil index — Part 2: Method using solvent extraction and gas chromatography	ISO	ł	1 1	1	!	S5		1	i	1	1	1	D2.4		!	1 1
Water quality Determination of iron Spectrometric method using 1,10-phenanthroline	ISO				;	S5			T -		1		D2.4			
Water quality Determination of Kjeldahl nitrogen Method after mineralization with selenium	ISO		-		1 —	S5	1						D2.4			
Water quality — Determination of manganese — Formaldoxime spectrometric method	ISO				I	S5							D2.4			
Water quality — Determination of mercury	ISO					S5		Γ			!		D2.4			
Water quality — Determination of mercury — Methods involving enrichment by amalgamation	ISO					S5					L		D2.4			\perp
Water quality — Determination of nitrate — Part 1: 2,8-Dimethylphenol spectrometric method	ISO			!		S5		1					D2.4		<u> </u>	!
Water quality — Determination of nitrate — Part 2: 4-Fluorophenol spectrometric method after distillation	ISO					S5				<u></u>		<u>i</u>	D2.4			
Water quality — Determination of nitrate Part 3: Spectrometric method using sulfosalicylic acid	ISO	-	i			\$5							D2.4		'	!
Water quality Determination of nitrite Molecular absorption spectrometric method	ISO					S5							D2.4	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Water quality — Determination of nitrite nitrogen and nitrate nitrogen and the sum of both by flow analysis (CFA and FIA) and		ĺ			i					[1	[ĺ		
spectrometric detection	ISO	ļ			<u> </u>	S5		L	 	L		<u> </u>	D2.4	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Water quality Determination of nitrogen Part 1: Method using oxidative digestion with peroxodisulfate	JSO	L			_	S5		<u> </u>		L			D2.4			↓
Water quality Determination of nitrogen Part 2: Determination of bound nitrogen, after combustion and oxidation to nitrogen									į	1			i	!		i
dioxide, chemiluminescence detection	ISO				<u> </u>	S5	↓	ļ		1	<u>!</u>	<u> </u>	D2.4	<u> </u>	i	ļ
Water quality Determination of permanganate index	ISO				<u>!</u>	S5	<u></u>	L		1	+		D2.4		<u> </u>	
Water quality Determination of pH	ISO		,	<u> </u>		S5		<u> </u>		ļ	⊢ _	↓	D2.4			<u> </u>
Water quality – Determination of phenol index – 4- Aminoantipyrine spectrometric methods after distillation	ISO	.	ļ		i	S5	4	L	<u> </u>	!	—	<u>. </u>	D2.4		<u> </u>	<u>!</u>
Water quality Determination of phenol index by flow analysis (FIA and CFA)	ISO			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	S5	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1	↓ _	 	D2.4		1	+
Water quality Determination of selected monovalent phenols Part 1: Gas-chromatographic method after enrichment by								i	İ	1	1		L		ĺ	
extraction	ISO	L		<u> </u>		<u>\$5</u>		<u> </u>					D2.4		<u></u>	

			Γ'		1								$ \top$		$\overline{}$	\neg
		Туре				 	_			Wate	r Qual	ity subc	div.		_	_
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuals	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Terminology	Sampling	Physical methods	Chemical methods	Biochemical methods	Microbiological methods	Biological methods
Title	Published by	S1	S2			S5	1	S7	S8			D2.3				
Water quality - Determination of selected monovalent phenols Part 2: Method by derivatization and gas chromatography	ISO					S5							D2.4			
Water quality — Determination of selected monovarient prients — Part 2, method by derivatization and gas chromatography with mass	180		+		-	- 33	 	-		├ ┈─		++	DZ.7		-	;
spectrometric detection	ISO	1		1	1	. S5	1		ĺ	l	ļ	1 1	D2.4			
Water quality Determination of selected organic nitrogen and phosphorus compounds Gas chromatographic methods	iso		 		 	S5	 	 			1		D2.4			
Water quality - Determination of selected phenoxyalkanoic herbicides, including bentazones and hydroxybenzonitriles by gas	1		 	i	 	1		 		t		t			$\overline{}$	
chromatography and mass spectrometry after solid phase extraction and derivatization	180				:	S5				l			D2.4			
Water quality - Determination of selenium - Atomic absorption spectrometric method (hydride technique)	ISO	1	1	-	1	S5		\vdash					D2.4			
Water quality - Determination of six complexing agents - Gas-chromatographic method	ISO					S5	1					T i	D2.4			
Water quality — Determination of sodium and potassium — Part 1: Determination of sodium by atomic absorption spectrometry	ISO					\$5		!					D2,4			
 Water quality Determination of sodium and potassium Part 2: Determination of potassium by atomic absorption spectrometry	ISO	-	į	ļ		S5	ļ	İ		ł	ĺ	!	D2.4	İ		ı
Water quality Determination of sodium and potassium Part 3: Determination of sodium and potassium by flame emission		1		i				T		1						
spectrometry	ISO	1	1	1		S5			L	<u>L</u>		1	D2.4			
Water quality - Determination of surfactants - Part 1: Determination of anionic surfactants by measurement of the methylene									!		_				!	
blue index (MBAS)	ISO				<u> </u>	S5	L			L	i		D2.4	!_		
Water quality - Determination of surfactants Part 2: Determination of non-ionic surfactants using Dragendorff reagent	ISO		-	ļ	<u> </u>	S5	<u> </u>	i—	L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	,	D2.4		\rightarrow	
Water quality – Determination of the chemical oxygen demand	ISO	.!	4	!	 	S5	!	ļ	<u> </u>	ــــ	 	↓—↓	D2.4		-+	
Water quality Determination of the chemical oxygen demand index (ST-COD) - Small-scale sealed-tube method	ISO		ļ	 		S5	 		├	- -	<u> </u>	 	D2.4		$-\!\!\!+$	
Water quality Determination of the sum of calcium and magnesium EDTA titrimetric method	180	+				S5			<u> </u>	—	 		D2.4 D2.4			
Water quality — Determination of total cyanide and free cyanide by continuous flow analysis	ISO	+	ļ	├	₩-	S5 S5	 -	<u>: </u>	i	-			D2.4		+	
Water quality — Determination of turbidity	ISO	+	<u> </u>	 	 -	. S5	 		├ ──	 	-		D2.4		\rightarrow	
Water quality – Examination and determination of colour Water quality – Guidelines for the determination of total organic carbon (TOC) and dissolved organic carbon (DOC)	ISO	+	+	<u> </u>	 	S5	<u>. </u>	+		 	 -	+	D2.4		-+	
Water quality — Guidelines for the determination of total organic carbon (TOC) and dissolved organic carbon (DOC) Water quality — Spectrometric determination of phosphorus using ammonium molybdate	ISO		+	 	<u> </u>	S5	1	 -	+	1	+	+	D2.4 D2.4			
ANAIGH GUAIRIN — ONECHONICHIC GEREITHIIGHIOTHOILDROSDICHUS USHILL AITHINDHIIGH HIIONDUSIR	1 100		1	1	1	1 33	1	1	1	1	1	1 1	JE.7			

				_					-							
		Туре		! -	· 		 			Water	Qualit	ty subs	div.		 	_
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuals	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Terminology	Sampling	Physical methods	Chemical methods	Biochemical methods	Microbiological methods	Biological methods
		S1	S2	53	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	D2.1	D2.2	D2.3	D2.4	D2.5 [02.6	D2.7
	100					25					:			D2.5	\Box	
Water quality — Determination of inhibition of gas production of anaerobic bacteria — Part 2: Test for low biomass concentrations	ISO		↓			S5	-	<u> </u>		├	├			02.5		-
Water quality – Evaluation in an aqueous medium of the "ultimate" aerobic biodegradability of organic compounds – Method by analysis of biochemical oxygen demand (closed bottle test)	ISO				54		!		!	!			ļ	D2.5	: 1	
Water quality — Evaluation in an aqueous medium of the "ultimate" aerobic biodegradability of organic compounds Method by	- 100		 	┼		 -			-	 	 -	\vdash				$\neg \neg$
analysis of dissolved organic carbon (DOC)	ISO					S5	1							D2.5		1
Water quality — Evaluation in an aqueous medium of the ultimate aerobic biodegradability of organic compounds — Determination		 -		 	 	33	 			 					-+	
of biochemical oxygen demand in a two-phase closed bottle test	ISO]	S5				ì				D2.5		1
Water quality — Evaluation of the aerobic biodegradability of organic compounds at low concentrations — Part 1: Shake-flask	100		 	 		- 00	 			_	 	 				
batch test with surface water or surface water/sediment suspensions	ISO						S6			1				D2.5	!	- 1
Water quality Evaluation of the aerobic biodegradability of organic compounds at low concentrations Part 2: Continuous flow			 	<u> </u>		 	 	\vdash		1	-					
river model with attached biomass	ISO	ĺ	ĺ	ĺ	1		S6			ĺ				D2.5	i	- 1
Water quality - Evaluation of the aerobic biodegradability of organic compounds in an aqueous medium Semi-continuous			 	_	 	 	 		+							
activated sludge method (SCAS)	ISO		1	:	1	S5	{	1		ł	l	!		D2.5	- {	
Water quality Evaluation of ultimate aerobic biodegradability of organic compounds in aqueous medium Carbon dioxide	-		 		1	T	 			1	T	-				
evolution test	ISO	!	1	j]	S5]	j J		D2.5	_ !	
Water quality Evaluation of ultimate aerobic biodegradability of organic compounds in aqueous medium Method by analysis									1	1						-
of inorganic carbon in sealed vessels (CO2 headspace test)	ISO		1		1	S5	1			1	1			D2.5		
Water quality Evaluation of ultimate aerobic biodegradability of organic compounds in aqueous medium Static test (Zahn-			!	1						Γ						
Wellens method)	ISO	İ				S5		i	!	L		L		D2.5		
Water quality - Evaluation of ultimate aerobic biodegradability of organic compounds in aqueous medium by determination of			i		1		}			 				- 1	Ţ	
oxygen demand in a closed respirometer	ISO	_			<u></u>	S5				<u></u>				D2.5		
Water quality - Guidance for the preparation and treatment of poorly water-soluble organic compounds for the subsequent												J		_		
evaluation of their biodegradability in an aqueous medium	ISO				ļ	S5			ļ		!	<u> </u>		D2.5		
Water quality — Guidelines for algal growth inhibition tests with poorly soluble materials, volatile compounds, metals and waste							1			I	i			l ¹		
water	ISO		<u> </u>		S4	<u> </u>	L	:	<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>			D2.5	!	
Water quality Pseudomonas putida growth inhibition test (Pseudomonas cell multiplication inhibition test)	ISO				<u></u>	S5	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>		L	D2.5		

	<u> </u>		,													
	! !	Туре								Water	· Quali	ity sub	div.			
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuais	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard tast/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Terminology	Sampling	Physical methods	Chemical methods	Biochemical methods	Microblological methods	Biological methods
Title	Fubilisited by	1 7	1								1					1-7-
16) who are all the Colombia of the de fee big to and bill the	100	S1	S2	S3	S4 S4	S5	S6	S7_	S8	D2.1	D2.2	D2.3	D2.4	D2.5	D2.6	D2.7
Water quality Selection of tests for biodegradability	180			ļ	54	05				<u> </u>		┼─	 	D2.5	\longrightarrow	 '
Water quality Test for inhibition of oxygen consumption by activated sludge	ISO	 				S5 S5				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 	02.5		D2.7
Water quality — Detection and enumeration of bacteriophages — Part 1: Enumeration of F-specific RNA bacteriophages Water quality — Detection and enumeration of bacteriophages — Part 2: Enumeration of somatic coliphages	ISO	+		ļ	:	S5			-		+	$\dot{+}$		 -		D2.7
Water quality – Detection and enumeration of bacteriophages – Part 4: Enumeration of somatic comprages Water quality – Detection and enumeration of bacteriophages – Part 4: Enumeration of bacteriophages infecting Bacteroides	180	 				33			H	├ ─	 		<u> </u>	\vdash		DZ.,
tragilis	ISO				S4		İ						1	1	.	D2.7
Water quality - Detection and enumeration of coliform organisms, thermotolerant coliform organisms and presumptive	100	+	1		34		 			├	 	 	 	 		1
Escherichia coli — Part 2: Multiple tube (most probable number) method	ISO				S4										,	D2.7
Water quality — Detection and enumeration of Escherichia ooli and coliform bacteria — Part 1: Membrane filtration method	ISO	 	 		S4		 			_	 	<u> </u>	 	\vdash		D2.7
Water quality - Detection and enumeration of Escherichia coli and coliform bacteria in surface and waste water - Part 3:	100	1								1	T	+	-			1
Miniaturized method (Most Probable Number) by inoculation in liquid medium	ISO			i i	S4						İ		!	!		D2.7
Water quality - Detection and enumeration of intestinal entercococi - Part 2: Membrane filtration method	ISO	+	 		S4		-		1		†	 	ī			D2.7
Water quality Detection and enumeration of intestinal enterococci in surface and waste water Part 1: Miniaturized method	···				 	-	-				t	—				
(Most Probable Number) by inoculation in liquid medium	. ISO	1		}	S4		'		}	1	}	}	}))	'	D2.7
Water quality - Detection and enumeration of Legionelia	iso	 	+		54						÷					D2.7
Water quality - Detection and enumeration of Salmonella	ISO	 	1	-	S4					1	j		,			D2.7
	T	1	 		T	<u> </u>				1	T					
Water quality - Enumeration of culturable micro- organisms - Colony count by inoculation in a nutrient agar culture medium	ISO		<u> </u>	i	S4	L	<u> </u>			L	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	ĻJ	<u> </u>	D2.7
Water quality — General guide to the enumeration of micro-organisms by culture	ISO				S4					L		<u> </u>	<u></u>	 	·——'	D2.7
Water quality Guidance on validation of microbiological methods	ISO				S4				ļ	L			<u> </u>	 _	<u> </u>	D2.7
Water quality Practices for evaluating and controlling microbiological colony count media used in water quality tests	ISO				1		S6		i				1	: /		+ D2 7

Appendix F: List of inventoried documents - category 'Analysis and Mapping'

		Туре								Analy	sis & r	mappir)g	
						methods (ASTM, ISO)		s, efc.)				data		
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuals	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination meth	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers,	References	Survey, assessment & mapping	Anal. & Present of GW-fevel data	Anal. & present of GW-quality da	Analysis of aquifer vulnerability	Analysis of landsubsidence
		S1	\$2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	E1	E2	E3	E4	_E5
Manual of Hydrological Field Measurement and Data Processing Practices, Vol. I and II - First Draft. (Now part of HIS Manual).	HP-India			53		i	Í			E1	E2	E3	1	ĺ
Practical Handbook of Ground Water Monitoring [Groundwater monitoring System Design; Design and Installation of			├── i			Ì	1	 						
Groundwater Monitoring Wells].	Lewis	S1	<u> </u>		 	 	ļ—		├ ─	E1	E2	E3		
Guidelines for Preparation of the Comprehensive State Water Quality Assessments (305(b) Reports) and Electronic Updates:	EPA		S2	!		ĺ				E1	, 1	E3		ĺ
Ground-water data-collection protocols and procedures for the national water-quality assessment program: collection and	L CFA		32	 	+	7	 							\vdash
documentation of water-quality samples and related data	USGS	i		S3		1	1	S7	į '	E1	, }	E3	1	1
Groundwater contamination inventory, A Methodological Guide [Contaminant source inventory, Map production]	UNESCO		S5			1	+	 		E1		E3	E4	
Groundwater resources, investigation and development	Academic Press	S1		 	+	1	+	 -	+	E1				\vdash
"Quality Assurance Guidelines for Ground-Water Investigation: The Requirements", in A.G. Collins and A.I. Johnson, eds.				<u> </u>		1	†		1		$\neg \neg$	\Box		
Ground-Water Contamination: Field Methods, ASTM STP 963. ASTM, Philadelphia, pp. 27-34.	ASTM					1	S6		!	E1 .	. 1			
Standard Guide for Conceptualization and Characterization of Ground-Water Systems	ASTM			1	S4	i	·	!	$\overline{1}$	E1	\Box			
Standard Guide for Establishing the Nomenclature of Ground-Water Aquifers	ASTM	Γ		†	S4	1	 			E1				
Hydrogeological Maps. A Guide and a Standard Legend.	IAH		S2		T		1	1		E1				
Groundwater Recharge. A Guide to Understanding Natural Recharge.	IAH		S2							E1				
Hydrogeology	John Wiley & sons	S1	1	!		1	1	1	1	E1				
Guidelines on Monitoring and Assessment of Transboundary Groundwaters	UN/ECE		\$2	1		·	1		Ī	E1	[]			
Hydrology and Water Resources of Small Islands (49) - A Practical Guide - Studies and Reports in Hydrology, 49	UNESCO		S2		L .					E1	\Box			
Standard Legend for Hydrogeological Maps.	UNESCO		!				T	S7		E1	L			<u></u>
Guidelines for conducting water resources assessment.	UNESCO/IHP		\$2							E1		L'		<u> </u>
Guidelines for groundwater investigation reports	USA-CA		S2		ļ	[!	E1	<u>. </u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
					!	;		1	i	[_ '	'	'		[
Hydrogeology.	John Wiley & Sons		<u> </u>	ļ	+	1	-			E1	 			
Applied Hydrogeology (Third ed.).	Macmillan	S1	<u> </u>		↓		 	<u> </u>	 	E1		<u> </u>		—
Guidance Document on the Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities-Interim Final Guidance.	EPA		\$2		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		!		E2	E3	<u></u>	

Appendix F: List of inventoried documents - category 'Analysis and Mapping'

					. !			İ		1				
		Type						<u> </u>		Analy	sis &	mappir	1g	
		·				(0:					 			
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuais	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Survey, assessment & mapping	Anal. & Present. of GW-level data	Anal. & present. of GW-quality data	Analysis of aquifer vuinerability	Analysis of landsubsidence
			\$2	53	S4	S5	S6	\$7	; S8	E1	E2	; E3	E4	E5
Manuals for Groundwater Data Collection, Processing and Storage	HP-India	S 1	52	S3		. 33	- 50	31	30	 '	- E2	E3		
Groundwater Resource Evaluation	McCraw-Hill	S1		- 33	t			├ -		├	E2	E3		E5
Standard Guide for Presentation of Water-Level Information From Ground-Water Sites	ASTM	31			S4		₩-	+-		 	E2	 _	<u> </u>	-
Ground-Water-Level Monitoring and the Importance of Long-Term Water-Level Data	USGS	-			.34		 	S7	├	 	E2	┼		1
Australian Guidelines for Water Quality Monitoring and Reporting	ARMC-AU&NZ		S2			├	₩-	31		 - -		E3		
						<u> </u>	├──	↓	├	—	├──	E3		
Guide for Applying Statistical Methods for Assessment and Corrective Action Environmental Monitoring Programs	ASTM	-	S2		ļ	├	├		+	┼	! -	 [3		
Standard Guide for Displaying Results of Chemical Analyses of Ground Water for Major Ions and Trace Elements-Diagrams	A0774	1	!			:	!	1	1	1	Ì	E3	ı '	1
Based on Data Analytical Calculations Standard Guide for Displaying the Results of Chemical Analyses of Ground Water for Major Ions and Trace Elements-Diagrams	ASTM	-	-		S4			├				E3_	·	
Istandard Guide for Displaying the Results of Chemical Analyses of Ground Water for Major Johns and Trace Elements-Diagrams Ifor Single Analyses	4.0744]	J		S4	j	j	J]	ļ	ļ	E3]
Standard Guide for Displaying the Results of Chemical Analyses of Ground Water for Major Ions and Trace Elements-Trilinear	ASTM		-		54	1	├		├ ──	├ ─		_ E3		
Totalidate Guide for Displaying the Results of Chemical Analyses of Ground Water for Major forts and Trace Elements-Thinean Diagrams for Two or More Analyses	ASTM		i		S4				!	İ		E3	i '	
Standard Guide for Displaying the Results of Chemical Analyses of Ground Water for Major Ions and Trace Elements—Use of	ASIM				34		├	—	+	—			<u>'</u>	
Indicated of the playing the Results of Chemical Analyses of Ground water for Major forts and Trace Elements—ose of Maps	ASTM	!	ļļ		S4	ļ	ļ	ļ	Į.		ĺ	E3	1	1
Guidelines on Standard Analytical Procedures for Water Analysis	HP-India	<u> </u>	S2		34	ļ	<u> </u>	 	 -			E3		+
Protocol for Water Quality Monitoring, Hydrology Project,	HP-India		32				т—	S7	+	+-		E3	 	+
Workbook on Analysis of Heavy Metals in Environmental Samples by Atomic Absorption Spectrometry	HP-India		-		 		 	S7	i	+		E3		
Workbook on Analysis of Pesticides in Water Samples by Gas Chromatography,	HP-India		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	├	-	+	S7	_	+	-	E3		
Practical Handbook of Ground Water Quality [Organization and Analysis of Water Quality Data].	Lewis	S1	-		 	 	├	101	+-	+	+	E3		
Standard Handbook for Solid and Hazardous Waste Facilities.	Lewis	\$1 \$1						+	+	+-	+	E3		+
Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities, Interim Final Guidance.	RCRA	S1		<u> </u>	-	-	<u></u>	+	+-	+	+	E3		
Standard Guide for Selection of Methods for Assessing Ground Water or Aquifer Sensitivity and Vulnerability	ASTM	-31	 		S4				+	+	+	+==	E4	+
Guidebook on Mapping Groundwater Vulnerability.	IAH	 	S2			$\vdash \neg$	+-	7		+		+	E4	
Saladada at mapping of an artata variations.	1011	 	- JE		┼──	┼	+	┼	+	+		+	 -	+
Guidebook on Mapping Groundwater Vulnerability.	Verlag Heinz Heise]	S2	1	1	1				1	1	1	E4]

Appendix G: List of inventoried documents - category 'Monitoring networks'

			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				,							
		Туре								Monite	oring	networ	ts	
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuais	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	References	Setting standards/criteria for monitoring	Design of mon.networks - GW-fevels	Design of mon.networks - GW-discharge	Design of mon.networks • GW-quality	Design of mon.networks - landsubsidence
	, upnonea by		T								-			
EU Water Framework Directive	EU	S1_	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7 S7	S8	F1	F2	F3	F4	F5
			S2	-	 	 		31	-	F1	F2	\vdash	F4	
Guidelines on Monitoring and Assessment of Transboundary Groundwaters Management of Groundwater Observation Programmes	UN/ECE WMO	+	52				 	S7	 	F1	F2	\vdash		
	VVIVIU	 	 			-		31		 				
"Quality Assurance Guidelines for Ground-Water Investigation: The Requirements", in A.G. Collins and A.I. Johnson, eds.	ACTIA		}	:	İ	ł	S6		1	F1		∤ '	-	
Ground-Water Contamination: Field Methods, ASTM STP 963. ASTM, Philadelphia, pp. 27-34. Standard Guide for Selection of the Minimum Set of Data Elements Required to Identify Locations Chosen for the Field Collection	ASTM		L		├	<u> </u>	30	 		+		├	\vdash	
of Information to Describe Soil, Rock, and Their Contained Fluids	ASTM	1			S4	1			}	F1	:	:	1	1
Standard Practice for Minimum Set of Data Elements to Identify a Soil Sampling Site	ASTM	+	 		34	 	S6	 		F1		 		
Development of Effective Ground-Water Sampling Protocols, in A.G. Collins and A.I. Johnson, eds., Ground-Water	ASIM	 				+	30			 		\vdash	 	
Contamination: Field Methods, ASTM STP 963, ASTM, Philadelphia, pp. 17-26.	i ASTM	:	S2			'		ĺ		F1	i	!	1	
Guide for Developing and Applying Detection and Quantification Limits for Ground-Water Monitoring Systems	ASTM	; 	S2			+		 	├~-	F1		 		
Standard Guide for Selection of Data Elements for Ground-Water Investigations	ASTM	1-	JZ.		S4	 		 	 	F1			\vdash	
Handbook of Suggested Practices for the Design and Installation of Ground-Water Monitoring Wells	US-EPA	S1	 		34	 	<u></u>	 	 	F1		 	 	<u> </u>
Ground-Water Monitoring in Karst Terranes: Recommended Protocols and Implicit Assumptions.	EPA	S1	1	!	_	 	 	 		T	F2	F3	\vdash	
Design and Installation of Ground Water Monitoring Wells in Aquifers. Annual Book of American Society for Testing and Material		+ 51			 	 	 			 	_ -	T:-	$\overline{}$	
Standards. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Vol. 04.09, pp. 162-173.	ASTM		S2			ļ.		İ		1 1	F2	'	F4	
Standard Practice for Design and Installation of Ground Water Monitoring Wells in Aquifers. Annual Book of American Society for		+	 ~~ -			 	 	 	 		_ _	. 	r	+
Testing and Material Standards, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Vol. 04.09, pp. 162-173.	ASTM				i	1	Se	}	1	} '	F2	'	F4	j
Practical Handbook of Ground Water Monitoring [Groundwater monitoring System Design; Design and Installation of		1	 		 	 		!				T	-	
Groundwater Monitoring Wells].	Lewis	S1					ĺ	:	1	['	F2		; F4	
A groundwater monitoring network design algorithm	Princeton Univ.	1		Γ	1	T	t^{-}	S7	1		F2		F4	
Groundwater Monitoring Guidelines, Santa Clara County, California, 58 pp.	US-California		S2		† · · · ·	:		1		1	F2		F4	1 .
Ground-Water-Level Monitoring and the Importance of Long-Term Water-Level Data	USGS	1	T	1	-			S7			F2			
Australian Guidelines for Water Quality Monitoring and Reporting	ARMC-AU&NZ		S2			1		Ţ					F4	
Guide for Optimization of Groundwater Monitoring Constituents for Detection Monitoring Programs for RCRA Waste Disposal	-						T	1	: '	T				
Facilities	ASTM		S2						-	1	L	<u> </u>	F4	<u> </u>
Evaluation of Selected Borehole Geophysical Methods for Hazardous Waste Site Investigations and Monitoring.	EPA							S7					F4	
									, –				F4	1
Handbook of Suggested Practices for the Design and Installation of Ground Water Monitoring Wells.	EPA	S1		Ĺ		-	↓	l			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
		S1 S1				<u> </u>	 			 	 		F4	
Handbook of Suggested Practices for the Design and Installation of Ground Water Monitoring Wells. Procedures for Conducting a Comprehensive Ground Water Monitoring Evaluation of Hazardous Waste Disposal Facilities. Guidelines and standard procedures for studies of ground-water quality: selection and installation of wells, and supporting	EPA						 	 		-	<u> </u>			

Appendix H: List of inventoried documents - category 'Groundwater modelling and Miscellaneous'

İ		Туре									Miscellar	ieous
					(ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	es (ASTM)	sarbooks, papers, etc.)			Miscella	pe
itle	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuais	Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/de	Standard practices (ASTM)	Other (reports, yearbooks,	References	GW modeling	Miscellaneous	Not yet catagorized
		S1	: S2	53	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	G1	H1	×
Test Method for Ground Water Flow Modeling in Karst and Fractured - Rock Terraines	ASTM	!	•			ļ .		S7		G1	H1	
Standard Guide for Calibrating a Ground-Water Flow Model Application	ASTM		i		S4					G1		
Standard Guide for Comparing Ground-Water Flow Model Simulations to Site-Specific Information	ASTM				S4					G1		
Standard Guide for Conducting a Sensitivity Analysis for a Ground-Water Flow Model Application	ASTM				54		i			G1		
Standard Guide for Defining Boundary Conditions in Ground-Water Flow Modeling	ASTM				S4					G1		
Standard Guide for Defining Initial Conditions in Ground-Water Flow Modeling	ASTM				S4	T			\Box	G1		
Standard Guide for Documenting a Ground-Water Modeling Code	ASTM				S4	1				G1		
Standard Guide for Subsurface Flow and Transport Modeling	ASTM	1			S4	i				G1		
Regression modeling of groundwater flow	USGS	S1				1				G1		
Guidelines for Groundwater Protection in Australia	ARMC-AU&NZ		S2			Ť					H1	
"Quality Assurance Guidelines for Ground-Water Investigation: The Requirements", in A.G. Collins and A.I. Johnson, eds.		:				1		1		1		T
Ground-Water Contamination: Field Methods, ASTM STP 963. ASTM, Philadelphia, pp. 27-34.	ASTM	:		İ	!	1	S6	ł	ł	1	H1	L
Guide for Applying Statistical Methods for Assessment and Corrective Action Environmental Monitoring Programs	ASTM		S2			T					H1	
Practice for Decontamination of Field Equipment Used at Nonradioactive Waste Sites. Annual Book of American Society for		Γ	i -				,					1
Festing and Material Standards. Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Vol. 04.08. pp. 1169-1171.	ASTM				1	1	Ĺ	_S7	i .		H1	<u> </u>
Standard Guide for Developing Appropriate Statistical Approaches for Ground-Water Detection Monitoring Programs	ASTM				S4						H1	<u> </u>
Standard Guide for Locating Abandoned Wells	ASTM				S4					1	H1	
Standard Guide for Selection and Documentation of Existing Wells for Use in Environmental Site Characterization and Monitoring	ASTM				S4			ļ			H1	
Standard Guide for Set of Data Elements to Describe a Ground-Water Site: Part One-Additional Identification Descriptors	ASTM	+	 		S4	†		†		<u> </u>	H1	1
Standard Guide for Set of Data Elements to Describe a Ground-Water Site; Part Three-Usage Descriptors	ASTM		+		S4	†		\vdash		\vdash	H1	
Standard Guide for Set of Data Elements to Describe a Ground-Water Site: Part Two-Physical Descriptors	ASTM	†			54	†	T	\vdash	+	<u> </u>	H1	1
Standard Practice for Minimum Set of Data Elements to Identify a Ground-Water Site	ASTM	T	_		T-	†	S6		$\overline{}$	\vdash	H1	
Standard Practice for Monitoring Well Protection	ASTM	\vdash			1		S6		t		H1	
evaluation of Selected Borehole Geophysical Methods for Hazardous Waste Site Investigations and Monitoring.	EPA	T					T	S7		1	H1	T
						1						
Guidance Document on the Statistical Analysis of Ground-Water Monitoring Data at RCRA Facilities-Interim Final Guidance.	EPA		S2	[Ĺ	L		H1	1
Handbook - Ground Water.	EPA	S1									H1	
ist of terms of hydrogeology, geochemistry and geothermals of mineral and thermal waters	IAH	1		í	!	I	Ī	S7			H1	
Soil quality - Sampling Part 3: Guidance on safety	ISO	i			S4	T	1		i		H1	

Appendix H: List of inventoried documents - category 'Groundwater modelling and Miscellaneous'

		Туре									Miscellan	neous
					Standard guides (ASTM, ISO)	Standard test/determination methods (ASTM, ISO)	Standard practices (ASTM)	eports, yearbooks, papers, etc.)	ces			catagorized
Title	Published by	Handbooks	Guides	Manuals				Other (reports,	References	GW modeling	Miscellaneous	Not yet
		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	G1	H1	<u> </u>
ISO guide 9000 Quality management and quality assurance standards 1994. Part 1: Guidelines for the selection and use; Part 2		!								i	,,, !	l
General Guidelines for the application of ISO 9001, 9002 and 9003. ISO standards handbook 16.	ISO ISO			S3	S4						H1	<u> </u>
Soil quality - Vocabulary Part 1: Terms and definitions relating to the protection and pollution of the soil	ISO			_53	S4						H1	
Soil quality - Vocabulary - Part 4: Terms and definitions related to rehabilitation of soils and sites	ISO				S4		 				H1	 -
Water quality - Calibration and evaluation of analytical methods and estimation of performance characteristics - Part 1:	130				34						 	
Statistical evaluation of the linear calibration function	ISO	1			S4		1 .				Н1	l
Water quality — Calibration and evaluation of analytical methods and estimation of performance characteristics — Part 2:	100						L				 	
Calibration strategy for non-linear second-order calibration functions	ISO			ĺ	S4	Ì	j		ļļ		l H1	1
Water quality – Guide to analytical quality control for water analysis	iso				S4		 		-		H1	
The Australian National Groundwater Data Transfer Standard	NGC-AU		S2								H1	
General criteria for the assessment of testing laboratories.	UN/ECE ?		<u> </u>	_		 	 	S7	\vdash \dashv		H1	
General criteria for the operation of testing laboratories.	UN/ECE ?						1	S7			H1	
Hydrological principles of groundwater protection.	UNESCO	S1			1			<u> </u>			H1	
Hydrology and Water Resources of Small Islands (49) - A Practical Guide - Studies and Reports in Hydrology, 49	UNESCO		\$2								H1	
Manual for estimation of probable maximum precipitation	UNESCO			S3							H1	
Monitoring for Groundwater Management in (Semi-) Arid Regions (57) - Studies and Reports in Hydrology, 57	UNESCO		S2				L				H1	
Water Resources of Hard Rock Aquifers in Arid and Semi-Arid Zones (58) - Studies and Reports in Hydrology, 58	UNESCO							S 7	i		H1	
Guidelines for geophysical reports for environmental and engineering geology	USA-CA	i	S2								H1	L
General Field and Office Procedures for Indirect Discharge Measurements	USGS	S1									H1	
Some Statistical Tools in Hydrology	USGS	S1			·	·	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	H1	L
Guide to hydrological practices. Fifth edition.	WMO	<u> </u>	S2				<u> </u>				H1	
Guide to Hydrometeorological Practices. Second Edition. WMO- No. 168. TP. 82.	WMO	-	S2				<u> </u>	!			H1	
Groundwater contamination inventory, A Methodological Guide [Contaminant source inventory; Map production]	UNESCO	L	S5		!	ļ	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	H1	
DRASTIC: A Standardized System for Evaluating Ground Water Pollution Potential Using Hydrogeologic Settings.	US-EPA				<u> </u>	 	 	S7		L	H1	
Aquifer Contamination and Protection.	UNESCO	S1			ļ		ļ	ļ			H1	
Tracing Techniques in Geohydrology.	Balkema	S1			 		 				H1	— —
Theoretical Background, Hydrogeology and Practice of Groundwater Protection Zones.	Verlag Heinz Heise	S1_		<u> </u>	! 	! 	L			Ĺ	H1	<u> </u>



International Groundwater Resources Assessment Centre

is an initiative of



United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO)



World Meteorological Organization (WMO)

is sponsored by



Government of The Netherlands

is hosted by



Netherlands Institute of Applied Geoscience TNO - National Geological Survey

For more information contact:

IGRAC

P.O. Box 80015 3508 TA Utrecht The Netherlands

phone: +31 30 256 42 70

fax:

+31 30 256 47 55

e-mail: info@igrac.nl

internet: http://www.igrac.nl